A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE.
A FIRESIDE COMPANION.
It is true if you see it in
THE BEE.
DON'T BORROW THIS PAPER

THE BEE
WASHINGTON

Congressional Library.

The Bee
IS A
GREAT ADVERTISING MEDIUM.
TRY IT!
Do you want reliable news? Do you want a fearless paper to advocate? Do you want more trade? Read and advertise in THE BEE!

VOL. XXV. NO. 24. WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY NOVEMBER 11, 1905.

Tuesday's Election

The latest election returns received show that the Democrats have carried the mayoralty campaign in New York city, the State ticket in Pennsylvania, the state ticket in Virginia and the city ticket in Louisville, while the Republicans have made a clean sweep in Massachusetts and Chicago and Cook county, and have carried their tickets in New Jersey, Rhode Island, Nebraska and Maryalnd.

In New York Hearst had a plurality in the borough of Brooklyn of almost 16,000, with fourteen election districts missing. The returns indicate McClellan's re-election by several thousand plurality. Hearst has charged fraud in the voting.

Bird S. Coler was elected borough president of Brooklyn on the municipal ownership ticket. The New York election shows that municipal ownership will be a considerable factor in the city's politics.

In Ohio the returns to a late hour indicated the election of Pattison, the Democratic candidate for governor.

The suffrage amendment in Maryland was defeated overwhelmingly.

Massachusetts elected a Republican governor by aa majority approximating that of Douglas, the present Democratic governor. There were a few clashes at the polls, but no serious injuries.

The following is a summary of the returns:

New York, Mayor George E. McClellan (Democrat) re-elected by small plurality; William Travers Jerome (independent), district attorney, re-elected. Bird S. Coler (municipal ownership), elected borough president of Brooklyn.

Ohio—Pattison (Dem.) elected by a large plurality. He carried Cincinnati, Cleveland city and county, and showed gains in Toledo and Akron.

Maryland—The Poe proposed constitutional amendment, whose alleged purpose was to disfranchise negro voters, was defeated by upward of 20,000. The Republicans elected the state comptroller and city officials. The political complexion of the next Maryland legislature is uncertain.

Massachusetts—The Republicans elected Curtis Guild, Jr. (Rep.) governor by 29,435 plurality, and E. S. Draper (Rep.) lieutenant governor by 3, 942.

Chicago—Republicans made a clean sweep in Chicago and Cook County, the principal contest being for president of board of trustees of the sanitary district, for which Robert R. McCormick (Rep.) was elected.

Rhode Island — Clean Republican sweep.

Pennsylvania—Philadelphia was overwhelmingly carried by the city party (reform) ticket. Berry (Dem.) elected treasurer by upward of 75,000 plurality.

Virginia—The Democratic plurality is about 20,000. Negroes generally remained away from the polls. The next legisalture on joint ballot will have 23 Republicans instead of 16, as at present.

Salt Lake, Utah—The American party (anti-Mormon) defeated the Mormon-Democratic and Republican candidates for mayor.

Louisville—Democrats elected a mayor, and legislature remains practically unchanged, with a good working Democratic majority.

New Jersey—Republican gains in legislature sufficient to preclude any Democratic successor to United States Senator Dryden.

Nebraska—Republicans elect state supreme judge.

San Francisco—Union labor candidate for mayor elected by probably 15,000 majority.

Indianapolis—Republican mayor elected.

New York, November 8.—Whether George B. McClellan or William R. Hearst is to be the next mayor of the Greater New York must be decided by the courts. Full returns from every election district give McClellan a plurality of 3,485.

UPLIFT THE DESTINY OF THE NEGRO RACE.

BIG DAY AT THE FAIR.

Two Memorable Speeches by Leaders of Colored Men and Women the Feature of the Day—Splendid Work of Fair Officers.

From the Daily News Observer, N. C. Thursday was a memorable day with the colored people who attended the Negro State Fair, and with the exception of that which the race leader, Mr. Booker T. Washington, visited, this is the most successful fair in the history of the institution, despite the want of co-operation on the part of several of the leading colored schools in the State The crowd on the grounds yesterday is variously estimated at 1,500 and 2,000 people, and it was a great and happy reunion of the colored people of the State. Next year 20,000 negroes should attend.

Many new exhibits arrived yesterday, adding interest and value to the stock, farm, and poultry departments. The displays of fine arts were never surpassed at any negro fair, and they indicate a wonderful advancement of the women of the race.

The chief event of the fair yesterday was the address to the negro women of North Carolina by Maggie L. Walker, one of the foremost colored women of the world, and president of the St. Luke's Bank, a very reputable financial institution of Richmond, Va. She was preceded by Dr. James E. Shepard a well known negro preacher and educator, Secertary of the Interdenominational Sunday School Association. Both addresses were notable, and will be long remembered by the tremendous audience that heard them.

Dr. Shepard spoke on "The Achievements of the Negro." He showed the progress of the negores since the war, saying they have 2,500,000 children in the public schools of the South, over 35,000 teachers, 400 newspapers, and several banks, 4 of them being in the city of Richmond. "Men and women in every walk of life who are proving capable citizens," he said, "testify to the fact that the education of the negro is not a failure."

He likened he negroes to the children of Israel in the wilderness. Behind them came Pharaoh's army, on either side of them a vast wilderness, and in front of them the dashing, rowling waters of the Red Sea. As they hesitated God's voice came to them to go forward; they went, and found their way over in saafety.

Dr. Shepherd continued: "God's command to the negro is to go forward, acquire land, have bank accounts, educate their children, live in the South and make friends of the white people. The best class of negroes and the best class of white people must unite, to preserve peace and make better feelings and better times.

No Hatred to be Tolerated.

"I plead for liberalism. The idea of hatred towards the white man must not be tolerated. I would that I could take the most ragged white boy and lift him amid the stars for inspiration, tell him to seek God and then come back and take up the most ragged black boy and lift him up and tell him to seek God and come back to lift up his fellows.

"The races are inter-dependent each upon the other. The one should on account of superior knowledge and advantage help the weaker; and the weaker profit by the example set, seek to emulate the good, and thus prove worthy citizens. Opportunities for growth and deveolpment are everywhere. Lift man and you serve God. And thus we come close to Him and show our appreciation of life.

"Slavery is a thing of the past. Today, pregnant with opportunities for mutual help and lessons of love, is upon us. The negro must learn to help his fellows, must learn that virtue is more than life. The proudest boast of Caesar's wife: 'My life above suspicion,' should be the rallying cry of the negores. Clean homes and high ideals are the negroes' hope.

"The old fathers were loyal in the days of slavery, and their lives are the richest heritage of the negroes. Thank God they were men. And the men of today, the men of tomorrow, must be the nation's bulwark. They are in the schools, colleges and universities preparing to be men, and thus the race is strong. We cannot impress too strongly upon them that today is full of opportunities. That humility, hard work, honesty and true manliness will win every time. If these are the lessons our children are learning the race is safe."

In closing, the speaker said: "I appeal for cheerfulness and thoroughness of work, whether in the cook room, on the farm, or wherever the person's lot may be, with a heart full of love, and malice towards none, a love for God, and loving our own home and our own wife above all others, with loyalty to our country and to the dear old Southland. All will be well, for God is over and above all and thus all is well."

The Post Office Dept. has issued a fraud order against the Ozonized-Ox-Marrow Company of Illinois. It advertised to make the hair of colored people long, straight and beautiful. A similar order has been issued against the Kink-ine Co. of New York.

The observation party at the Lick Observatory in Egypt have discovered a new planet between Mercury and the Sun.

What I Saw And Heard

Literary societies are becoming popular in this city. The presidents are weeding out the disturbers and disorganizers fast. These individuals are impediments to all organizations.

The pulpit should do its duty in every particular. The disposition of the pulpit of to-day is to see which can build the largest church.

It is impossible to get the negro bar to organize. It is hopelessly divided on all questions that will tend to benefit it.

There is some talk of a change in the recorder's office. That is the recorder, it is said, intends to cut down his force. It is hoped the recorder will not disturb the worthy and the competent. It will be to the best interest of the office to keep competent clerks.

This anti-saloon league is a farce. It is full of shams and no Christianity. I was standing in the room of the Excise Board a few days ago and heard the attorney or that organization ask Mr. Shoemaker, who favored the granting of saloon licenses in the county, if he favored the granting of licenses to places that colored men frequented. This was a nice remark for a man to make who has advocated fair play. There are lots of respectable colored men in this city as well as white.

The colored man is meeting with opposition everywhere. He is a most harmless being and yet the most abused. Just what the white man wants the negro to do I am unable to state.

After the colored man retires from politics I wonder what the Democratic party will have? The negro has been its issue ever since reconstruction.

I am glad to know that the new public printer has decided to retain Mr. Ricketts as foreman of printing. Mr. Ricketts is an honest man and an invaluable adjunct to the Government Printing Office.

The citizens of Washington will ask Congress to abolish the present Board of Education and the offices of Justice of the Peace. I am of the opinion that the offices of the Justice of the Peace should not be abolished. They are necessary for the poor people.

I could never understand why colored people don't support their own papers. Papers that abuse them they seem to seek. The papers edited by negroes do more to uphold their rights and defend their interest, yet these they seem to ignore.

The Lacy case will be settled by the Commissioners shortly and the rumor is that he will be dismissed from the force. The Commissioners will it is said transmit the matter to the United States Attorney, where it should go without delay.

Col. M. M. Parker has retired from politics. He is not the only good man that has become disgusted with the intrigues of the politician. When Col. Parker was a member of the National Committee he raised more money than any other District National Committeeman. Notwithstanding all the good work performed by him the party did not seem to appreciate it.

Fairplay.

ONLY $1.00 TO
HARPER'S FERRY, CHARLESTOWN AND WINCHESTER
AND RETURN VIA
BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD,
SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 12TH.

Special train will leave Washington at 8.30 A. M.

For tickets and further information call on Ticket Agents, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Paragraphic News

BY MISS BEATRIZ L. CHASE.

Everything that can be done to lengthen the life of ex-Speaker of the House David B. Henderson, is being done by the physicians at the hospital in Iowa where he is in a dying condition. They have decided to perform an operation.

In the recent family reunion of Zebulin James of Newark, Del., the history of the family says there are forty-five grandchildren, ninety-three great grandchildren and twenty-three great great grandchildren.

The widow of the late Rev. W. W. Browne, the founder of the order of True Reformers, threatens to enter suit for $20,000 against the order through its president, Mr. Wm. L. Taylor.

The contribution to the November issue of the Southern Workman are timely and spicy.

The Y. M. C. A. was founded in the year 1844 by Sir George Williams, in London. The founder died in London last Monday in his 84th year.

The report comes that the famous Dreyfus case may be taken up for revision, by request, by the joint chambers of the court of France.

In the report of the Columbian University the enrollment of last year was 4,981 students and the sum of $1,960,000 was given to it.

The South Carolina authorities have issued an order against the sale of all patent medicines, unless sold by druggists upon prescriptions of worthy physicians.

The police regulations have been revised and more than 2,000 copies are to be printed at a cost of $225.

Chicago has lost one of its pioneer residents in the death of Mrs. Henrietta Plummer. She was eighty years old.

The Guardian began with its last issue the fifth year's publication.

A new counterfeit $10 United States (Buffalo) note has been discovered. The engraving is bad. It bears J. W. Lyons, register; Elias H. Roberts, treasurer.

Jas. G. Morton has sued Edna Wallace Hopper for alleged breach of promise to marry him. She proposed as she claims in a joke last year, it being leap year. Mr. Morton wants $50,000.

President Roosevelt exercised the right of an American citizen last Tuesday at Oyster Bay by casting his vote.

The first Y. M. C. A. mass meeting for colored men was held last Sunday in True Reformers' Hall. Rev. B. T. Perkins addressed the body.

The sixth anniversary of the founding of the Homeward Bound Mission was held last Sunday morning at 10.30 o'clock at the Homeward Bound headquarters in this city.

The tornado which struck Mountain View, O. T., last week did much damage. Many persons were killed.

David Bernhart & Co.'s paint store at New Orleans, La., was destroyed by fire which threatened the center of the business section. The total loss is estimated at $75,000.

Baron Speck von Sternberg, the German ambassador, called to see Secretary Root last Saturday at the State Department and officially notified him that Germany was ready to proceed to negotiate a new trade treaty with America.

On last Wednesday at 11 A. M. President Roosevelt received Gov. Wm. L. Douglass of Massachusetts and the executive committee of the National Boot and Shoe Manufacturers' Association. They came to discuss the tariff revision and foreign relations with the President.

Judge Swan in the United States court at Detroit, Mich., did not grant the order for a permanent injunction asked for by Attorney Charles S. Thatcher against the Co-operative Telephone Co. of that City and its officers to prevent the sale of the Co-operative Telephone Company's plant and franchise to a group of capitalists from St. Louis represented by Max Koehler and S. B. Jeffries.

Prof. N. C. Frederiksen died of typhoid fever at Copenhagen last week. He was sixty-five years of age, and has been a resident of the United States twenty-five years.

Four men were indicted at Minneapolis, Minn., who were connected with the management of the Northwestern National Life Association, which has been reorganized under the direction of the State Insurance Commissioner, O'Brien.

The statue of Mr. Gladstone at London which was erected by public subscription in St. Clement Danes Church in the Strand was unveiled last Saturday afternoon by John Morley, a life long friend of the late statesman. The statue is the work of Hamo Thorneycroft, R. A., and is of colossal bronze.

Secretary Bonaparte closed his campaign tour at Sparrow's Point last Monday night.

Seventy men who were working on the bridge at Philadelphia struck last week and the following day thirty more left. It is said this strike was due to the general strike of the International Union of Bridgemen Structural Iron Worers against the American Bridge Co.

Seven miners were killed and many injured at Bluefield, W. Va., as the result of an explosion in one of the Tidewater Coal and Coke Company's mines at Vivian.

It is said that the result of the election in New Jersey last Tuesday did not have any especial significance.

Mr. Taft, the Secretary of War, held a along conference last Saturday morning with Chief Engineer Stevens. It is stated that Secretary Taft is pleased with the conditions of things on the Isthmus.

A. L. Atkinson, secretary of Hawaii, arrived in Washington to secure the approval of President Roosevelt to another loan issue of $750,000 as authorized by the last legislature.

Prince Alexis Oholensky, a member of the council of the empire at St. Petersburg, has been appointed chief procurator of the holy synod in succession of the M. Pobdonvsteff.

Madame Cambon, mother of Paul and Jules Cambon, ambassadors to Great Britain and Spain, died at Paris last Saturday at the age of eighty-four years.

Captain W. Scarborough of Berkley, Va., wasrun over at Norfolk last week by a Norfolk and Western train and had both feet cut off.

Leslie E. Fuller, former assistant attorney general, who became violently insane at Muskogee, I. T., some months ago while investigating charges against Judge C. W. Raymond, is dead at a Michigan Sanitarium.

The second anniversary of the birth of the republic of Panama is being celebrated quietly in this city.

WINTER TOURIST

Tickets to Florida via Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Very Low Rates for the Round Trip to all the famous resorts of Florida, Georgia, The Carolinas, Nassau and Havana, now in effect. Tickets on sale daily until April 30, 1906. Full information from B. & O. R. R. Ticket Agents.

READ THE BEE.

Among The Odd-Fellows

The funeral of Mr. Ezekiel Tignor, one of the oldest and best known members of Old Ark Lodge No. 1695, took place from Zion Baptist Church Tuesday afternoon last. The deceased was one of Washington's representative citizens and at the time of his death was a deacon of Zion Bautist Church.

The members of the order, by whom he was so well known, sincerely sympathize with the irreparable loss sustained by his bereaved family.

Mrs. Best, the wife of Rev. Luke T. Best, chaplain of Rising Sun Lodge No. 1365, has been quite ill for several days. It is hoped that she will soon recover.

Mr. Joseph Washington of John F. Cook Lodge No. 1185 is confined to his room again by reason of illness. Brother Washington is one of the active and popular Odd Fellows in the District and it is the wish of all that he be out again soon.

The members of the order are pleased to learn that Past D. G. M. A. H. Stevens is now recuperating.

Hon. H. B. F. McFarland, president of the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and Rev. E. W. Lampton financial secretary of the A. M. E. Church, are among those on the program to deliver addresses at Convention Hall on the occasion of the grand celebration of the 25th anniversary of the institution of the D. G. L. in the District, to be held on the afternoon of the 17th instant.

Persons not members of the order can witness the afternoon exercises by procuring cards of admission from members of the fraternity.

Past D. G. M. D. B. Webster has been assigned by the Executive Committee to take charge of the ladies of the various households at the afternoon exercises Nov. 17th.

From all indications the grand reception and levee on the 17th instant will be one of the greatest social events known to the history of the order.

The man around the corner says that Patriarchie No. 18 has already disposed of one 300 tickets for the grand reception and levee and will most likely get off as many more. As a whole this patriarchie knows a good thing when they see it.

Past D. G. M. J. W. Muse has been selected to present the prize of $5.00 in gold to be awarded the best drilled patriarchie.

FOR THE ADVOCATES OF FREEDOM.

The Committee of the Niagara Movement having in charge the Memorial Meetilng to the Friends of Freedom, on the evening of Thangsgiving Day, at which time the lives and services of Wm. Lloyd Garrison and Albion W. Tourgee will be eulogized, are fast completing their labors, and by next week the completed programme will be announced. The Metropolitan A. M. E. Church on M street has been secured as the place of meeting, and a long list of leading men have been invited to act as honorary vice-presidents, and have accepted the invitation. Mr. Oswald Garrison Villard, grandson of William Lloyd Garrison has been invited to be present at the meeting and speak. The William Lloyd Garrison Association of Alexandria has joined the Niagara Movement in these commemorative services. Everything points to a record breaking meeting.

BE SURE YOU'RE RIGHT.

Be sure you're right,
Ere you start ahead,
The simplest thing to do;
Be sure you're right
When you start ahead,
And you'll be right
When you're through.

Be sure you're right,
Before you speak
The smallest little word;
Be sure you're right,
Before you speak
Of something
You have heard.

Be sure you're right,
Ere you accuse
A soul of this or that;
Be sure you're right,
Or you will lose
If it comes to
A courtroom mat.

Be sure you're right
With the Mighty One
Who governs the pearly gate;
Be sure you're right,
Ere Death doth come,
Or you'll discover
You're wrong, too late.

—Clarence Emery Allen.

men's are artistically interesting. summer time.

LOVE GETS BIG PLUM

FORMER PENNILESS CLERK NOW DRAWS PRINCELY SALARY.

Began as a Poor Office Helper, Elopes with Miss McCurdy and Rest Is Easy—Holds Position Worth $147,000 Per Annum.

New York.—There is romance in Louis A. Thebaud's rise from obscurity to the position with the Mutual Life Insurance company which pays him $147,000 a year.

Thebaud, a member of a good family of French descent, was born in Madison, N. J. In his early career his income, it is said, never exceeded $20 a week. In the eighties he met President McCurdy's daughter, Gertrude, some years his elder, and fell in love.

The match was opposed furiously by the McCurdys. Not only was Thebaud an impecunious clerk, but he was a Roman Catholic, while Miss McCurdy was a member of St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal church. Finally the McCurdys gave in.

The wedding was to have been in a Plainfield church with all the pomp proper to the marriage of a daughter of a great life insurance company's president, but the marriage in a Protestant church was distasteful to Thebaud and without notice the couple eloped to New York and were married in St. Patrick's cathedral.

The McCurdys were furious. The young couple sailed for Europe to escape the parental wrath. A year later President McCurdy relented sufficiently to give the young husband a sort of poor relation job in the Newark office of the Mutual Life. About a year later there came a change. The McCurdys forgave and forgot.

Louis A. Thebaud was made secretary and executive of the special agency of the great Mutual Life Insurance company, a place which in salary and commissions was worth $37,000 the first year Thebaud held it. The man who at that time held the place was deposed at the expense of $10,000 by the company, because he held a contract.

RADIUM IS A CANCER CURE

Five Persons Said to Have Been Restored to Health in a New York Hospital.

New York.—That five persons have been cured of cancer at the Flower hospital by the use of radium coatings on celluloid rods inserted into the diseased parts was the substance of a paper read by Dr. William H. Dieffenbach, United States delegate to the international medical congress at The Hague before the Homeopathic Medical Society of the County of New York.

In only one of six cases which he treated, Dr. Dieffenbach said, his effort met with defeat. In that case the disease was far advanced. Dr. Dieffenbach described his method of treatment in detail. It consists in dipping celluloid or hard rubber rods into solutions of salts of radium. These rods are then inserted into incisions made in tumors. The effect of the radio activity, he said, was to destroy the diseased tissue. There are some hopeless cases, where the growths have spread over large areas.

Prof. Hugo Lieber, of this city, has been experimenting in injecting radium into the tissues without the use of rods or sheets of celluloid. He said that three cases of tumor and cancer had been treated with remarkable success. Though at present the subject was vague, they hoped soon to have more light.

MARRIED HERO SPURNS KISS

Pretty Woman Offers Caress After Rescue; Is Refused and Crowd Stands Aghast.

New Rochelle, N. Y.—Ex-Postmaster John F. Cashen saved a pretty woman's life, and when the woman wanted to kiss him he shook his head and said:

"No, thank you, I am a married man."

Mrs. Elmore Murthey, plump, pleasing and blonde as Sapho, swam beyond her depth in Echo bay and sank.

Cashen saw her go down, plunged off the rocks, and swam out and caught Mrs. Murthey just as she went down for the last time. He pulled her ashore amid the shouts of an excited crowd of picnickers, who watched the rescue with bated breath.

When Mrs. Murthey came to she reached up and put her arms around Mr. Cashen's neck and pursed her red lips.

"You lovely man," she said, "if it hadn't been for you—"

"No, thanks," said Mr. Cashen, "I'm married." Mrs. Murthey sank back, much embarrassed, and the crowd stood aghast.

Oysters Grow on Crab's Back.

A crab on the back of which is a cluster of young oysters was caught in the vicinity of Cambridge, Md., a few days ago by a boy fisherman, and is now on exhibition there. The crab is of medium size and on its back the oysters, seven in number, the size of a quarter have attached themselves and are flourishing.

His One Deficiency.

An Indiana man, the father of triplets, has named them after the president, Teddy, Roosevelt and Theodosia. Really, the president should get a middle name for such emergencies.

Reformer a Bankrupt.

A Buffalo reformer has gone into bankruptcy with liabilities of $498,607 and assets of $140. Why should a man with such a genius for fancy financiering waste time in the reforming business.

REFUSES FOOD IN TRANCE.

Strange Psychological Puzzle Found for Authorities in Person of a Prisoner.

London.—A strange psychological puzzle has been provided for the authorities of Carmathen prison by Schreiner, the German butler, who is awaiting his trial on the charge of murdering his late employer, Mr. Pryse, and his wife and mother at Tymawr, Cardiganshire. When Schreiner was first admitted to prison, he attempted to starve himself to death by persistently refusing all kinds of nourishment. Matters became so serious that his life was only saved by the prison doctor feeding him forcibly by means of a tube. Since then the man's conduct has been even more erratic. After fasting for one or two days, he will suddenly jump up and devour, with almost brute-like voracity, the food that has accumulated in his cell. Schreiner's habit is to lie stretched on his cell floor, or to stand up against the wall in what appears to be a cataleptic trance. For days at a time he will stare into space, speechless and motionless as a statue. It is even necessary to dress and undress him as though he were a doll.

The question that has been exercising the minds of the prison authorities is this: "Is Schreiner a madman or a superb malingerer?" The usual tests have been applied by the officials, but the man refuses to take the slightest notice of the outside world. Attempts to take him off his guard have failed to induce him to move a single eyelid, and the problem remains unsolved.

RAILS AT AMERICAN ARMY.

Conservative German Organ Declares Yankee Soldiery Is "Rotten"—Few Men for Navy.

Berlin.—The leading conservative newspaper, Neue Preussosche Krouzzeitung, prints what it calls an expose of the claim of the United States to be a great naval or military power. The article asserts that the American army is "rotten," and that ten per cent. of the soldiers deserted during 1904. The army is made up of miserable material, and, according to the newspaper, the Russian army is superior to that of the United States.

"Americans are patriotic with their mouths," says the paper, "but they are unwilling to become soldiers in behalf of their own country, and they despise soldiers as a class.

"The United States possesses sufficient wealth to build 100 new battleships, but it is impossible to man them, as neither officers nor crews exist."

The article further says that American naval officers are all too old for the ranks they hold. Ten of the admirals are over 61, and the average age of the naval captain is 57, as compared with 48 in the English and German navies. The American army, it is reported, will not bear a close inspection.

CEMETERY TOO LONELY.

Sexton Resigned Because He Could Not Bear Nerve-Trying Isolation There.

Bowling Green, Ky.—Because he had no one to keep him company, Harry Summerville, of Louisville, who recently was elected superintendent of Fairview cemetery here, suddenly gave up his position. He was chosen to fill the vacancy caused by the mysterious disappearance of Robert A. Roulston, who turned up in Ireland insane and ill of typhoid fever. Summerville also left suddenly and without notice. The following letter, dated from Louisville, has been received from Summerville by the board of public works:

"Having had the honor conferred on me of being elected to the position of superintendent of your beautiful cemetery, which I very much appreciated, but not being married, with no one to keep house for me (not having been able to get anyone), also cemetery too far for me to go to my meals, I hereby tender my resignation to your honorable body."

AGED WOMAN GROWS CROPS

Asks No Help and Does the Entire Work Unaided—Husband Killed in War.

Cotton Plant, Miss.—Ninety pounds is the weight and 84 years the age of Mrs. Lizzie McKnight, who has just celebrated her last birthday. Working entirely with a hoe on land that has already raised a fine crop of Irish potatoes, Mrs. McKnight raised and gathered with her own hands a crop of 800 pounds of cotton last year.

Mrs. McKnight's husband was killed in the civil war. She can tell a great many interesting things that happened to her during that period. One year she cut and saved a large crop of wheat with no aid except her small daughter.

Mrs. McKnight is remarkably well preserved in every way. She can see to read without glasses, just as well as she ever could. She weighs about 90 pounds, but this is as much as she has ever weighed. Her mind is entirely clear.

Smokes 17,888 Feet of Tobacco.

Daniel Kelleher, who is supposed to have been 105 years old, was buried in Wilmington, Del. The deceased was born in Ireland, but had lived here most of his life. Until recently he was active and went about as a man half his age. He attributed his long life to the fact that he was a moderate user of tobacco and liquor. He smoked three plugs of tobacco a week, and it is estimated that he smoked 17,888 feet of tobacco in his lifetime.

BEST TRADE YEAR

OUR 1905 FOREIGN COMMERCE BREAKS RECORDS.

Revenues Showing Great Gains—Improvement Since Close of Fiscal Year—August Figures Index to Twelvemonth.

Washington. — Commercial activity indicated by current statements of the department of commerce and labor suggest that, if business continues at the rate shown by foreign trade statistics, the calendar year of 1905 will enjoy the largest volume of imports and exports ever recorded. Figures just published for August show that exports of manufactures during that month increased nearly $9,000,000 or about 25 per cent. as compared with August a year ago, and about $20,000,000 as compared with August, 1901.

Meantime manufacturers have increased their consumption of materials imported for use in various processes of domestic industry until the August imports of crude materials for use in manufacturing have increased nearly $2,000,000 over the imports of August, 1904. For the eight months ended with August there has been an increase of about $50,000,000 in imports, compared with the corresponding period a year ago.

Up to August 31, 1905, imports amounted to $770,412,026, as against $667,269,364 in the preceding year; and exports were valued at $966,612,607, as compared with $851,203,457 in the first eight months of 1904. The value of manufactures exported during the first eight months of 1905 practically equaled the total exports of manufactures during the entire calendar year 1899, being $376,198,679, as against a total of $380,787,891 for the entire year 1899.

Current government figures show also that more manufactures are being exported from than are imported into the country—a condition which has been brought about during the short period since 1897. Imports of manufactures (including in that term for this comparison manufactures ready for consumption, articles wholly or partially manufactured for use as materials in the mechanic arts, and articles of voluntary use and luxuries) aggregated during August $45,000,000, while exports of manufactures during that month showed a total of $51,000,000. During the eight months ended with August, 1905, imports of manufactures, including all degrees of manufacture, aggregated $322,000,000, while exports of manufactures amounted during the same period to $376,000,000.

As recently as 1897 the records of our foreign commerce showed an importation of $283,000,000 worth of manufactures during the calendar year, as against $280,000,000 worth of manufactures exported. The following year was the first to show exports of manufactures in excess of imports of manufactures, and since 1898 there has been a steady increase in the outward flow of the products of our manufacturing industries. During the eight-month periods of the years named exports of manufactures have increased from $190,000,000 in 1897 to $376,000,000 in 1905, while imports of manufactures have only increased from $212,000,000 in 1897 to $322,000,000 in 1905.

TELEPHONE WOOING WINS.

Night Operator Weds After a Courtship Over the Wires—Sergeant Is Happy Groom.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Miss Marietta Wolfendale, of Swissvale, and John J. Melon, of New Haven, Pa., were married in the Church of St. Mary Magdalen, Homestead, and back of their wedding lies a pretty little romance.

Until two months ago the groom was night sergeant in the Homestead police station, while his bride was night operator for the Bell Telephone company in Homestead. In the lonely watches of the night, while others slept, these two kept up an energetic conversation over the wire. The time finally came when Sergt. Melon became fretful and out of sorts if his telephone did not jingle at a certain hour every night, and, on the other hand, if the night operator was neglected past a certain point the valiant sergeant down at the police station was pretty certain to hear of it later on.

Thus the telephonic wooing continued up to the point of definiteness, and finally terminated in the important event. Mr. and Mrs. Melen will live in New Haven.

PRESIDENT AIDS TEACHER.

Young Woman Who Waited Long for Position in Philippines Is Championed by Roosevelt.

New York.—President Roosevelt has made a Long Island school teacher happy by obtaining for her an appointment in the Philippines that had been long held up. The teacher is Miss Marie R. Overton, who in 1904 passed the examinations and since then has awaited an appointment. Congressman W. W. Cocks, of Westbury, recently brought the matter to the attention of the president.

"Send a cable query to Manila at once as to why Miss Overton's appointment has been held up," the president ordered. The appointment was cabled back at once and Miss Overton will receive a salary several hundred dollars larger than she expected.

Hard on the Customer.

A Boston tailor killed himself because his customers wouldn't pay their bills. If he did it to spite the customers he probably succeeded. They may now have to get their clothes made where deposits are required.

STATION A DYNAMITE MINE

Buried a Rejected Carload of the Explosive—Place Now Shunned Like a Plague Spot.

Austin, Tex.—A care of dynamite arrived at the railroad station of San Gabriel, state of Durango, Mexico, a few days ago. It was found to be in a damaged condition, and the mining concern to which it had been shipped refused to receive it. The International railroad ordered its agent at San Gabriel to get rid of the explosives, and the agent was puzzled over what to do with the shipment. He finally solved the problem, as he thought, by carefully burying it in a deep hole near the station.

It did not take the Mexican inhabitants of the town long to discover that the hole contained enough explosives to blow the whole place into atoms, and now they shun the spot. All business at the station is suspended. Shippers refuse to deliver or go after freight. The situation is so acute that the station agent has appealed to the railroad officials for further instructions as to the disposition he shall make of the dynamite.

He can get no one who is willing to run the risk that would be incurred in digging it out of the ground, and to explode the 12 or 15 tons of the stuff is out of the question.

The citizens of the town have made a formal protest to the governor of the state of the danger in which their property and lives are placed by the proximity of the explosive.

ENGLAND HAS HEAVY SHIP.

Dreadnought Will Carry Ten 12-Inch Guns and Have 11,000 Tons of Armor in Hull.

London.—The keel plate of the Dreadnought, which is to be the most powerful battleship in the world, has been laid at Portsmouth. Her displacement will be 18,000 tons. She will be armed with ten 12-inch guns of the latest style, each capable of throwing a 960-pound shell a distance of 20 miles, with a muzzle velocity of upward of 2,500 feet a second. Her striking power will be as great as any three battleships of ordinary type at such a range as that which engaged in the battle of Tsushima straits, for no other warship hitherto has mounted more than four 12-inch guns, so there is nothing afloat that can stand up again her in a sea action.

About 11,000 tons of armor will be built into her hull, and the Dreadnought will be driven by turbines at 20 knots speed. For the first time on record on a battleship the officers' quarters will be placed forward, the designer's chief difficulty being to provide accommodations for the 900 officers and men, owing to the great demands on her space made by ammunition, storage of coal, etc. She will carry 500 tons of projectiles for her main guns, 200 tons of cordite charges, 300 tons of stores, 2,500 tons of coal and guns to a weight of 600 tons without mountings. She is designed to be a floating fortress of the most formidable type.

CHURCHES ARE TOO MANY

Preacher Says Surplus Should Be Burned—Houses of Worship Are Living at Dying Rate.

Binghamton, N. Y.—Much comment has been caused by the startling statement that it would be better if many churches were burned, made by Rev. Dr. M. W. Styker, president of Hamilton college, in a sermon preached in the First Congregational church in this city.

"Probably 5,000 churches in this country could be spared if they were disposed of in that way," declared President Styker, who was preaching on the subject of "The Modern Interpretation of Providence."

"The tendency has been the division of the church," said he. "In too many places the number of churches erected is entirely beyond the need of the communities, now and for a long time to come.

They are living at a poor, dying rate and it would be better if many of the churches were burned, the people gathered into one large church, and the surplus money used to carry the Gospel into those fields where it has not yet been taken. By so doing the cause of Christ and humanity would be far better conserved.

IS GIVEN NEW EYELIDS.

Man Who Lost Them in Explosion Undergoes Remarkable Operation at Columbus.

Columbus, O.—A remarkable surgical operation has been performed at Mount Carmel hospital, a man being given a new set of lower eyelids. An examination made for the first time since the work was done shows that the operation probably will prove entirely successful.

Last February W. L. Kerr was caught in a natural gas explosion, in which he was badly burned about the face and head, and his lower eyelids were destroyed. Some time ago an attempt was made to replace them, but it was unsuccessful. Recently another trial was made. The new lids were formed by grafting skin from Kerr's arm. The eyes were sewed shut and bandaged. When the bandages were removed it was found possible to remove the stitches from one eye, and those from the other eye were removed later.

Far Too Low.

A Baltimore man says the ideal income is $15,000 a year. He has not been talking to the sons-in-law of any life-insurance company or he would have raised the figures.

TAKEN BY A BANDIT.

ION PERDICARIS TELLS OF HIS CAPTURE BY RAISOULI.

Will Make His Home in Washington During Winter — Released from Captivity by Hay's Strong Stand in Matter.

Washington.—This city will be the home, for the coming winter, at least, of Ion Perdicaris, the United States citizen whose capture in Morocco by Raisouli, a Moorish bandit and political agitator, was the cause of serious international complications between the United States and that country about a year and a half ago. Mr. Perdicaris and his wife, who is still suffering from the effects of injuries received at the time of the capture of her husband and son at the hands of the rough mountaineers, will probably reside here until conditions in Morocco will permit of their return to Tangiers, where Mr. Perdicaris has large property interests.

Mr. Perdicaris speaks admiringly of the energy of the United States government in securing his release, and says this action has greatly increased American prestige abroad. The late John Hay's famous ultimatum: "Perdicaris alive or Raisouli dead," and the sending of two squadrons of United States warships to the scene of the trouble is the action to which he refers.

He is of Greek descent, but a native of Trenton, N. J., and is a tall, fine-looking man, slightly past middle age. He has a heavy gray beard and kindly eyes, and his manner is both cultivated and charming.

Mr. Perdicaris talked freely with a reporter of his experiences with the bandits and of the conditions in Morocco. He said the situation in the district immediately around Tangier is extremely interesting and singular, since Raisouli himself has been made governor of this part of the country and is trying to restore order among the dissatisfied peoples, with the aid of government troops.

When asked to describe in more detail the conditions there, Mr. Perdi-

ION PERDICARIS.
(American Citizen Captured in Morocco by Bandit Raisouli.)

caris recalled the situation previous to his capture.

"It will be remembered," he said "that by virtue of the conference of Madrid in 1880 the two signatory powers, of which the United States was one, were to enjoy privileges in Morocco equivalent to those conferred upon Europeans in Egypt by virtue of what are known as 'The Capitulations.' These included especially the right of ex-territoriality, which removes litigation affecting foreigners from the native courts to consular tribunals. These favorable conditions were enjoyed by residents and merchants of all nationalities in Morocco, together with a singular immunity from violence or molestation of any sort, so long as there was a stable native government.

"During the last two years, however, the native authority has been set at naught by the populations of the plains and especially the mountain Kabyles. It was this condition of general anarchy that enabled Raisouli to effect my capture and that of my stepson on the 18th of May, 1894. Thanks to the character of Raisouli himself who had taken up arms in defense of certain privileges which the Berber mountaineers had formerly enjoyed we were treated with consideration after the first rude aggression, when we were hammered on the head by the Berbers and bound. So soon as they had carried us beyond the reach of rescue by government troops, who reached our villa about 40 minutes after we had been taken away, they showed every disposition not to cause us any undue suffering. The ride itself was one of extreme hardship, however, lasting the entire night, the following day and part of the next night with scarcely any stops for rest or food. Such food as was given us was uneatable.

"At present Raisouli is the appointed governor of the district immediately surrounding Tangier, where we lived, and is endeavoring to maintain order among the more lawless tribes in the neighborhood of the town, in which he is being assisted by government troops.

"It is difficult to see the outcome of so singular a situation, but my impression is that Raisouli is perfectly sincere in his efforts, as he was extremely anxious to escape from the conditions of outlawry in which he found himself, chiefly owing to his aggression upon ourselves. Representatives of other foreign powers share my own impression in this matter. Should Raisouli fail, the introduction of some European force will be absolutely essential to protect the town."

HOLLAND'S UNHAPPY QUEEN

Wilhelmina, It Is Said, Has Many Sorrows Since Marriage to Prince Henry.

Paris.—Of all the tragedies which have marred the happiness of women of royal birth, condemned to sacrifice their own feelings for reasons of state, none is more pathetic than that which, according to general report, has made the young Queen Wilhelmina one of the unhappiest of women.

No sweeter or more unaffected young girl could be imagined than she was at the time of her engagement to Duke Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, the man whom she herself chose for her husband from the limited number she was allowed to meet, and it was

QUEEN WILHELMINA.
(Her Husband, Prince Henry, Alleged to Have Beaten Her.)

with the sincerest intentions of making him happy, and herself through him, that she crossed the threshold of married life.

Since then nearly five years have passed, but to the little queen they must seem like 20, so many sorrows and so much suffering have they brought to her.

With shocking brutality the prince consort only a few days after the wedding told the bride that love had never been in his thoughts, but that he had married her only to escape from the usurers who had made life in Germany unbearable to him, and that she must pay his debts.

Indignant though she was, the young queen, barely more than a child, consented to do so; and had he made a clean breast of the whole affair all might still have been well, but seeing her amazement because she could not understand how a man without any prospects could incur debts which he had no hope of paying off, he only told her half, and when later his bride found that he had been deceiving her she lost all faith in him. A quarrel followed in the palace of The Hague, during which Prince Henry is said to have forgotten himself even to the extent of beating and cursing the woman who had saved him from public disgrace.

Since that day Queen Wilhelmina, patient and loving though she is, has been a broken-hearted woman. Today she is only the shadow of her former self. Twenty-five years of age, she appears to be at least ten years older.

Bowed with sorrow and shattered ideals, and broken in health, her once happy countenance, careworn and weary, the brilliancy of her eyes dimmed by hopeless longing for the unattainable, she has earned the sincere pity of all. And there is no ray of light to pierce through the pall and light the way to future hope.

STATUE OF WASHINGTON.

Hungarians in This Country to Present Monument of Great American to City of Buda-Pesth.

Cleveland.—Hungarians of America are to raise $14,000 for the erection of a statue in their native city of Buda-Pesth, of which the accompanying illustration is the accepted model made

MODEL OF MONUMENT.
(Statue of Washington to Be Erected in Budapest, Hungary.)

by the sculptor, Julius Beyeredi. It is expected it will be completed for unveiling in September, 1906.

The monument will be 25 feet high, the figure to be of bronze and the base of granite. The city of Buda-Pesth, as announced some time ago, has donated a site along its finest boulevard. Magyars in this country and in Hungary are looking forward to the event of the unveiling, which thousands will attend, both from here and at home.

The model, which Mr. Beyeredi says he expects to improve after a study of statues of Washington in Philadelphia, Washington, Mount Vernon and other American cities, shows the president as a man and citizen, not as a soldier. The observer is impressed by the quiet dignity of the figure.

ON TRAIL 18 DAYS.

AGED GUIDE MADE GREATEST CAPTURE ON RECORD.

Maine Woodman Kills 225-Pound Moose and Reward Is $500—Last Shot in His Rifle Lays Big Animal Low.

Bangor.—William Douglass of Eus..., who at the age of 87 still acts as guide for hunters and kills his full share of game every season, is credited with the longest moose hunt on record. It lasted 18 days and yielded a prize that paid well for all his work and exposure. The bull moose charged upon him and fell before the last shot in his rifle.

He set out with provisions for ten or twelve days. Soon he came upon large tracks. The moose had passed between two trees that stood so close together that the animal's hide came in contact with the rough bark, leaving tufts of hair adhering to both trees. A little further along he saw where the moose had thrown its head into the air, leaving antlers' marks upon a sapling. Douglass estimated that the animal weighed not less than 1,200 pounds and had antlers spreading fully 60 inches.

For 12 days Douglass hung on the trail. The morning of the thirteenth day found him out of food and suffering from rheumatism. He shot a buck deer that gave him four days' food, and kept on after the big game. On the seventeenth day he caught sight of the moose several times. On the eighteenth day he noticed blood on the trail. At four o'clock in the afternoon the hunter heard a loud bellowing, and the next instant saw the moose charging down upon him. Seven shots in rapid succession seemed to have little effect. The infuriated anmal was but three jumps away and "Old Bill" had only one cartridge in the magazine. Just as the great antlers seemed hanging over his head the hunter fired his last shot. It missed the head, but plowed the length of the backbone, ripping the hide as if with a knife, and the moose dropped at the hunter's feet. It weighed 1,225 pounds, and next to the fatal shot at King Bartlett lake, was the largest moose ever killed in Maine. That night Douglass rolled himself in his blankets and then wrapped himself up in the warm hide to keep from freezing. It was a $500 prize.

COLORS SEE MIRAGE CITY.

Sailors Cruising in Behring Sea Have Remarkable Experience—Spectacle Fades Away.

San Francisco.—On the night of August 15, when the whaling bark Gayhead was cruising about 75 miles west of St. Lawrence island in Behring sea, Mate Williams and the men on deck were thunderstruck by the appearance of a great city immediately ahead. There was the shoreline, and rising above it were thousands of electric lights twinkling in a hundred streets.

Here and there, apparently at prominent corners, were larger lights, and further along the shore were the myriad of lights showing at the wharves. But the captain and his men knew that this must be an imaginary city, and that for hundreds of miles beyond where these lights appeared but was only an expanse of desolate water. The mate called Capt. Fisher, but he looked upon the scene and was not surprised. There was no accounting for the wonderful sight. This city appeared as real as San Francisco seems when a vessel anchored in the channel near the island.

Then as daylight came the spectacle faded away, and in all directions was the heaving bosom of the cold sea. There was no land in sight and no great city with thousands of miles.

EXPERIMENT WITH AIRSHIP

Professor Zahm of Washington Discovers the Best Shape for a Balloon Part.

Washington, D. C.—A grant of $500 made last year by the Smithsonian institution from the Hodkins fund to Prof. F. Zahm, professor of physics in the Catholic university, for a series of experiments on atmospheric resistance to moving bodies, has been completed the experiments several months ago, but has not ceased investigations of aerial resistance. Professor Zahm holds that Secretary Langley proved that the aerodrome, as constructed, will not only fly but carry the weight of one man and the problem now to be solved being the practical one of managing the craft when it is in the air.

Professor Zahm proved that the best shape for the balloon part of the airship is that following the lines of the modern submarine torpedo.

Bruin's Bear Treed 28 Hours.

Considering that the laws of Pennsylvania exact a penalty of $25 for killing game on Sunday, Clarence Bruin, of Trout Run, kept vigil at the foot of a tree in which he had treed a big bear for 28 hours, and when day shot the animal and repaired home to get help to carry the bear's carcass, and incidentally to get something to eat, he found his friends preparing to start on a hunting expedition, fearing that he had met with an accident. The bear weighed 287 pounds.

Boston Still Has Her Beans.

Statisticians have discovered that every five minutes a baby is born in New York. Two hundred barrels of beer are drunk every five minutes in Boston, and a divorce is granted every 10 minutes in Sioux Falls, but for this reason Boston should fret.

GIRL BESTS BOYS AT GAME

Stamford, Conn., Maid Outplays Male Sex in Football and Baseball—Enthusiast Over Sports.

Stamford, Conn.—LizzieAskew, 16-year-old daughter of James Askew, of Walnut street, is not to go to a home for girls after all—at least not for the present. Lizzie's bent for athletics made it look for a time as though she might be sent there, but Rev. Charles Morris Addison, rector of St. John's Episcopal church, has come to her aid.

Little Miss Askew appeared in court before Judge Young, the only charge being that her natural womanly gifts were threatened by her love for baseball, football, swimming, rowing and other sports. Judge Young said he could not see anything wrong in the fact that she played baseball better than most boys, and placed her in the charge of Rev. Mr. Addison.

Lizzie is rather tall and a pretty blond. She lived on a farm near Middletown until about three years ago, and chummed with her brothers. That is how she learned boyish sports. She learned to smoke cigarettes, too.

"I do not understand all this fuss," said Lizzie. "I cannot see the harm playing baseball and football if I like it. I would rather do it any day than play croquet or make mud pies with girls. I never played in a match game but once. One day last summer I played first base for our team and we won. I like baseball and football, and I manage to hold my own with most of the boys of my age. I never asked any odds of the boys and they never showed me any favor in the games."

DANCE WAY INTO PRISON.

Belle Plaine, Ia., Youths Get One Day in Penitentiary for Borrowing Handcar.

Sioux City, Ia.—Because they insisted on keeping promises made to two girls to attend a dance, Edward Fondell and John Lang, of Belle Plaine Ia., had to serve sentences of one day each in the penitentiary at Anamosa.

No livery rig being available on the evening of the dance, the boys appropriated a handcar and made a flying trip down the track to the scene of the dance, arriving in time, to the delight of their young women friends. It was after the dance that trouble occurred. On the homeward trip the boys collided with a handcar going in the opposite direction, and some of the men on the second handcar were injured. The frightened boys made an escape, but later were arrested and charged with misappropriating the handcar. They pleaded guilty and were sentenced to serve one day each.

Though their stay in the penitentiary was to be only for 24 hours, they had to go through the same routine as would a life prisoner. They were shaved, dressed in convict clothes, measured and photographed. By one o'clock in the afternoon they were digging postholes as full-fledged convicts. Upon their release the following morning each was given a suit of clothes and five dollars in cash, in accordance with the rules of the prison.

SEES RACE SUICIDE IN OHIO

Statisticians of Buckeye State Tell of Few Births—Marriages Are in Usual Proportion.

Columbus, O.—Ohio men and women are marrying fast enough, but the size of the families is not increasing so rapidly as to allow the state to escape the brand of President Roosevelt that it is tending toward race suicide.

According to the social and vital statistics for the past year, just compiled by Statisticians Smith and Caine of the department of state, there were during the year 56,516 births in the state, while the marriages amounted to 42,212.

In other words, 84,242 persons were joined in wedlock, or as many and half again as were born. These figures are considered altogether out of proportion.

During the year 33,195 Ohioans died Births, deaths and marriages were all slightly fewer in number than those of the preceding year.

HUMOROUS WIFE DIVORCED

Des Moines, Ia., Court Takes Only a Half Hour to Separate Woman from Unappreciative Man.

Des Moines.—Because her husband instead of appreciating her efforts at humor, gave her a cold stare whenever she cracked a joke at the table, Mrs. Rosalie Pohlman applied for a divorce from John Pohlman. It was granted by Judge McHenry within half an hour after the petition, accompanied by the affidavits, was filed.

That Mrs. Pohlman prides herself on a certain ready humor, and that she is hurt if her well turned witticisms go unappreciated, is well known to her friends. She was hurt, indeed, when so far from laughing at her pleasantries and the funny stories told by her children, her husband would commonly greet her efforts with the surly remark:

"What a set of fools you are!"

Finally tiring of living with such a "grouch," Mrs. Pohlman decided to secure a divorce.

Sensation Is Newport Finale.

Newport has a sensation to wind up the social season. Mrs. F. Burke Roche now appears in a coach and four, the coachman and groom being resplendent in big gray beaver hats. Not only this, but Mrs. Roche has imported another English style, and her groom sits beside her with his arms crossed, just like some of the old-fashioned pictures. Mrs. Roche has no imitator.

LIFE SPENT IN NAVY.

REAR ADMIRAL BARKER HAS HAD INTERESTING CAREER.

Some of His Experiences During Forty Odd Years' Service—Search for Supposed Shipwrecked Party.

Washington.—Rear Admiral Albert S. Barker, U. S. N., retired, who is now living in this city with his family, has had some very interesting experiences in his forty-odd years of life in the navy.

"Excitement has been plenty in my life," he said. "I have witnessed battles in foreign countries in which my ship was not concerned, have been exposed to epidemics, encountered hurricanes, and witnessed the terrible effect of earthquakes.

"In 1886, when the deep sea soundings were being taken around the world at intervals of 100 miles, the Enterprise, of which I was in command, was ordered out to make some of the casts, and on our way we passed by the Straits of Sunda a few days after the earthquake of Krakatoa, when the accompanying tidal wave swept into the sea the city of Anjer and drowned many thousands of people.

"As we approached the straits, we observed that the surface of the sea was covered with a layer of fine pumice stone, and as we came closer our path was strewn with many dead bodies and debris of all kinds, uprooted trees, parts of houses, etc. Of course we knew that something awful had happened, but we did not learn what it really was until we met a Dutch ironclad, whose officers told us of the earthquake.

"A very curious experience was that which came to me in 1877, when the Alert, myself in command, was sent to the South Sea islands to make a search for some shipwrecked people. The information was gained by the navy department in this way: A sailing vessel bound for China was becalmed one day near Dampier straits, and, while lying waiting for a wind, was boarded by some savages, who,

REAR ADMIRAL A. S. BARKER.
(Retired Naval Officer Has Had Some Interesting Experiences.)

by means of sign language—they could speak no European language—endeavored to convey to the captain some message, which he interpreted as being that a vessel carrying several men and one woman had been wrecked some distance to the westward of that point and the passengers cast up on an island.

"This information, though very indefinite, was given to the department, and they ordered us to proceed to the spot and endeavor to locate the stranded mariners and take them off the island and bring them home. We were ordered to set sail from Yokohama, and, realizing the great length of our journey, we made every preparation for it.

"The distance from Yokohama to the islands is so great that we found it necessary to go under sail, saving our coal until we got to the islands. We did not even have enough coal to spare any for distilling water, but touched at small islands on the way and got our fresh water, obtaining it in the most primitive way by means of casks and boats. In this way we sailed along till we reached the neighborhood, when we started the engines going and skirted along the edge of the islands, sailing only during the daytime.

"In many places the natives were greatly frightened by the appearance of a war vessel, and fled at the approach of the ship's boats, although we made no aggressive move..

"After a long search, we at last solved the mystery. At one island at which we touched we found a letter from an English merchant for the first European vessel that should come that way, telling them that he had buried his wife on the island, and the Alert was the first one to touch there. As the chief informed us that there had not been any vessel shipwrecked among the islands for many years, we were satisfied that we had found out what the native wanted to tell the captain of the becalmed vessel.

"While in command of the Philadelphia in 1893, just after the international review, I received orders to proceed to Honolulu, Sandwich Islands. The Philadelphia was at that time a new cruiser, and much had been written about her steaming possibilities, but they had never been put to any severe test. In order to find out just what the engines could do, they were not stopped from the time we left New York until we arrived in Rio Janeiro, a distance of more than 4,700 miles, and from there to Callao and then to Honolulu, a distance of 5,200 miles. I doubt if any other vessel has done as well as that, though it is possible."

BIG INCREASE IN SHIPPING

The Grain Exports for Nine Months Double Last Year's Record—Trade Movements Better.

Washington, D. C.—Decided increases in trade movements are shown during September and as well as in the total for the nine months of this year over corresponding periods of last year by summaries issued by the department of commerce and labor. The grain exports for the nine months this year amounted to 105,219,693 bushels, as compared with 48,573,706 for the same months last year. These reports for this year are preliminary and estimated to include 97 per cent. of the actual shipment. This year the corn exports will have been 82,752,212 bushels, as compared with 34,441,771 bushels for the corresponding months last year. The September export of grain this year amounted to more than 10,000,000 bushels over September of 1904.

The domestic movements of trade in September show the same increase. Nearly 2,000,000 head of live stock arrived at five of the largest distributing centers in excess of September a year ago, while the increase in the receipts of grain in 12 important interior centers aggregates over 27,000,000 bushels more than the corresponding month last year.

Lake shipments this year to and including September 30, as compared with 1904, increased 14,786,265 net tons, a gain in the flour outbound movement of 211,225 tons; grain and flaxseed, 22,394,715 bushels; coal, 531,310 tons; ore and mineral, 11,743,751 tons; lumber, 78,80.,000 feet; unclassified freight, 468,661 tons.

ODD NUMBER ROW OF CORN

Freak Ear of Grain at Arcola, Ill., Revives Old Story About the Cereal.

Arcola, Ill.—G... Hanson, of this city, is exhibiting ... ear of corn grown on his farm ... is attracting a great deal of attention, due to the fact that the ear has an odd number of rows of grain—23 in all. Several of the oldest farmers in the neighborhood were skeptical of the story until they were shown the ear.

Rows of corn grow on the cob in even numbers, and one with an odd number is considered an almost unheard-of freak. The ear in question is, however, well developed, and the rows are straight and even. Mr. Hanson discovered it while sorting corn for seed.

There is an old story to the effect that once, in antebellum days, an old southern slave owner promised freedom to the first negro who would find an ear of corn bearing an odd number of rows. Among the slaves was a young darky who had a thought which he kept all to himself, but when the corn was in the roasting ear he went to the field and, stripping back the husk from an ear, he cut away one of the rows of grain with a sharp knife. By the time the corn had reached its maturity the wound made by the knife had been entirely obliterated and the ear showed an odd number of rows of grains. The young slave was accordingly given his freedom and his cunning was not discovered until he had gotten safely away.

TROUBLES OF DISPATCH 13

Woman Telegrapher Tells of Queer Experience When All Wires Were Down.

Cordele, Ga.—"No, I am not a bit superstitious," said Miss Talulah Tatkins, manager for the Western Union Telegraph company here, "but some very queer things happen in the lives of telegraphers. Thirteen may be lucky, or it may not be.

"One peculiar coincidence came under my work of last month. A gentleman came in here while we were having all the trouble with the wires and wanted to send an announcement of a death to a relative at Jasper. Ordinarily the message would have been relayed at Atlanta. The wire was down, however, and we undertook to get it through by Savannah.

"When the message was handed over the counter it contained just 13 words. When I put it on the receiving sheet, it was No. 13, the sheet was dated 13, and the message was the 13th we had sent to Savannah that day. The message never got any further than Savannah, and the customer had to write from here.

"That was trouble enough for four 13s wasn't it?"

NET MILEAGE GAIN 5,014.

Railroads in U. S. Have Remarkable Growth During Year—Big Increase in Gross Earnings.

New York. — Advance sheets of "Poor Manual of Railroads" give the length of steam railroads in the United States on December 31, 1904, as 212,349 miles, a net increase of 5,014 miles in the year.

The heaviest construction of the year was in the southwestern group of states, in which no less than 1,716 miles were built.

Missouri has to its credit 418 miles; Arkansas, 262 miles; Texas, 318 miles; Kansas, 31 miles; Colorado, 147 miles; New Mexico, less than one mile; Indian territory, 260 miles, and Oklahoma territory 279 miles.

Gross earnings increased $69,780,887 in 1904 over the earnings of 1903, or about 3.06 per cent.

The Mutt Gets Generous.

The Jeer Swami of Tirukurungudi, an ancient and influential mutt in the Tinnevelly district, Madras, has presented the Madras museum a stone pillar from the precincts of the mutt, containing inscriptions of the Pandyan era in "Vatt Ezhutte" character.

VISITS MOTHER'S HOME.

President Sees Birthplace of Parent at Roswell, Ga., on His Southern Tour.

Atlanta, Ga.—Roswell, Ga., which President Roosevelt visited the other day on his tour of the south, is the birthplace of his mother, Martha Bulloch, and the mansion in which she spent the early part of her life is still in good preservation. In fact, in the whole town, with the exception of a new set of faces, things are pretty much as when Mrs. Roosevelt left them a bride 50 years ago.

The president's mother was a descendant of the revolutionary governor of Georgia. One of her brothers built the Alabama, the notorious war craft of the confederacy that was commanded by Capt. Raphael Simmes, and another brother is said to have fired the last shot from the vessel before she was sunk off Cherbourg by the Kearsarge. Three persons still living at Roswell were present at the wedding of the president's mother. These are Mrs. Baker, the present mistress of Barrington Hall; William Jackson, the old sexton of the Presbyterian church, and Grace Robinson, better known as "Aunt Grace." The latter was the body servant of Martha Bulloch and helped to dress "young missus" for the great event of her life.

OLD BULLOCH HOMSTEAD.
(Where President Roosevelt's Mother Was Born and Married.

Tradition has it that she slipped a rabbit toe into the bosom of the bride's white satin gown. When speaking recently of the part he took at the wedding, Sexton Jackson said: "I pushi de do' open—me and Henry Hobby. Henry he pushi open one do'—I pushi de odder, and in walk Miss Mittie wid de ugly man frum de norf—Miss Mittie's weddin' gown all trailin' out behin' her. You say de president's a big man? Is he ugly? Um—um," drawing on his pipe, "jes like his pa, I reckon. I'll be powerfu' glad to see his son—I hope he looks laik Miss Mittie, howeber."

The old Bulloch homestead was built in 1851 by F. P. Bulloch, father of Martha Bulloch, the president's mother. She was raised in Roswell, a small town of 1,200, on the Chattahoochee river, and known for its cotton mills.

When a girl Mrs. Roosevelt was the belle of the town, and when in December, 1855, she became Mrs. Roosevelt the whole town turned out to see her depart.

WHERE IRVING IS BURIED.

Ashes of Famous English Actor Is Placed in "Poets' Corner" in Westminster Abbey.

London.—In the illustration is shown "The Poets' Corner" of Westminster Abbey, where Sir Henry Irving's ashes were recently placed. It contains memorials to a large number of men honored in English literature. Westminster Abbey as a whole is most intimately connected with the life and

THE POETS' CORNER.
(Place in Westminster Abbey Where Irving's Ashes Lie.)

history of Great Britain. In it lie interred kings, statesmen, soldiers, poets, musicians, actors, philanthropists and scientists. The structure originally was the abbey church of a monastery built in 616. Edward the Confessor erected the first church on the present site. This was reconstructed, its consecration taking place in 1269, and since that date until the present time there have been various additions.

The official name of the edifice is "Westminster Abbey, the Collegiate Church of St. Peter." It is one of the largest and best examples of the early English style of architecture. All the English kings since William the Conqueror have been crowned in Westminster Abbey. Among the famous actors and actresses who lie buried within the precincts of the abbey, or who have monuments or tablets there in, are Thomas Killigrew, Betterton Ann Oldfield, Susan Maria Cibber Garrick, Spranger Barry, Foote, Ann Crawford, Mrs. Siddons and her brother, John Kemble, and John Henderson. But comparatively few of the monuments are artistically interesting.

DISPUTE OVER SHIPS.

EXPERTS ENGAGE IN BATTLESHIP CONTROVERSY.

War of Words Being Waged at Washington Regarding Advisability of Building 18,000 Ton Vessels of War.

Washington.—A lively controversy is being waged by the naval experts over the designs for the battleships Michigan and South Carolina. Whether the United States shall follow the lead of other nations and build 18,000-ton war vessels, or stick to the present maximum is the chief point in dispute.

While the greatest secrecy surrounds the deliberations of the naval experts, it can be said that one design has been worked out to such a point that if it should be adopted the contracts could be let early next year. It involves a radical departure in battleship construction, both as regards the character and disposition of the main battery and the ability of the ship to remain afloat despite the severest pounding. Although presenting an entire novelty in battleships, it has found such favor among the officers who are familiar with it that at present it seems likely it will be the one chosen.

The act of congress authorizing the Michigan and South Carolina provided that they should have a trial displacement of 16,000 tons. Since that act was passed the question of building still larger ships has been much discussed, and there are several advocates of at least 18,000-ton ships among the officers of the general board.

The principal argument of these officers seems to be that other nations are building ships of that size and the United States must follow suit or be left behind. Admiral Dewey has expressed himself as in sympathy with the idea.

There are officers in the construction corps, however, who do not share this opinion. They argue that the principal gain by such an increase in size would be a slightly increased speed, but that this would not be effective except when the ship was fresh from dock, and that it could hardly be sufficient to produce much advantage in action. Moreover, it would be obtained at the cost of other important factors.

An officer who discussed the matter said: "Suppose it were decided to add 2,000 tons to these ships. It could be done either by sending them further into the water or by giving them greater length. In the first case, they could not get into our harbors and there are no docks that have water enough to take them in. Channels would have to be dredged and new docks constructed. In the second case, it is doubtful if the addition of 2,000 tons would give the required increased speed, and it would enlarge the target presented to the enemy by 12 per cent., and decrease the handiness of the ship in maneuvering."

Each increment of speed after a certain point is reached is obtained only by a very greatly increase horse power. This officer cited the case of a battleship which steams at 16 knots with about 9,000 indicated horse power to attain 17 knots and 17,000 to make 18 knots.

He was inclined to the belief that, with ships of 16,000 tons, as the South Carolina and Michigan are to be, an additional 2,000 tons would not give sufficiently increased engine power to produce an advantageously higher seed. Half of that increase would be taken up in the increased length, and nearly the other half in the added turret which the greater length would demand.

CHALK LINE DIVIDES HOME.

West Virginia Woman Complains That Husband Has Made Her Life a Burden.

Richmond, Va.—Papers in one of the most interesting divorce suits ever in the courts of Virginia have been filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Clarke county, the complainant being Mrs. Maude Frye Arnette.

Among other sensational statements in her complaint Mrs. Arnette allege her husband told her she must stay o one side of the house and he woul stay on the other; that he drew a chalk line so as to divide her part of the house from his, and told her she could not cross the said chalk mark. Mrs. Arnette says she has been a good and faithful wife to the defendant.

She further sets forth that on the day after their marriage her husband began to treat her with coldness, and in every way showed her he did not want her as his wife.

The complainant says Mr. Arnette offered her $3,000, or would pay her $25 per month during the rest of her life, if she would leave him. This offer she rejected.

After exhausting all efforts to reconcile her husband, and because of his "brutal and unnatural treatment" of her, Mrs. Arnette says she was compelled to leave December 12, 1903, and since that time has had no maintenance from him.

Plenty of Nuts.

A member of a club, who has just returned from a long drive about the country, speaking of his trip, said: "I don't remember ever seeing such a yield of hickory nuts and butternuts in my life. The former are plentiful and the latter are superabundant. In many places hundreds of bushels of both will lie on the ground ungathered. Owners of trees find it difficult to get butternuts gathered on equal shares, the price for them is so low."

Summer Girl's Advantage.

The doctors have found that kissing in winter is especially dangerous. Those who can should arrange to do most of their kissing in the good old summer time.

The Bee.

PUBLISHED AT

1109 Eye St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

W. CALVIN CHASE, EDITOR.

Entered at the Post Office at Washington, D. C., as second-class mail matter.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

On copy per year	$2.00
Six months	1.00
Three Months	.60
Subscribe monthly	.20

THE CIVIC ASSOCIATION.

There has been organized in this city a Star Chamber Civic Association. Its membership consists of men, that is, some of them, who would rather take a cool glass of beer or a good drink of whiskey than to go on an excursion in the hot month of July. The most presumptuous and unmitigated gall is its attacks on saloons in the northwest and elsewhere in the city. The Civic Association should devote its time to a most profitable avocation. There are thousands of things that are more harmful to the negro than whiskey saloons. What is this Civic Association doing to establish the civil and political rights of the colored man? What is it doing to abolish the "Jim Crow" corners in the government departments, on steamboats and railroads? How many members of the Civic Association will contribute to the Colored Young Men's Christian Association in this city to enable this organization to build a suitable hall as headquarters? The most that this association will do will be to spend money for a social function and make a spectacular display in newspapers. Whiskey saloons are licensed to conduct a legitimate business and dozens of illegitimate operations in this city are never touched or hinted at by the Civic Association. If the Civic Association will support their own institutions, that would be worthy of commendation. How many members of that association support their own institutions? The Bee ventures to say that there is not one negro connected with the Civic Association that gives his support to a negro enterprise. The Bee can name at least two-thirds of its members who would rather be classed as white men than they would negroes and the other one-third doesn't support its race journals. At a meeting of this alleged exclusive nonentity a few months ago a very reputable member of the bar and a preacher were "black balled" by men who could not stand the reflection of a calcium light. Neither the lawyer nor the minister made application for membership. The Civic Association ought to hold meetings in blood field and reform the denizens of that section, and then perhaps the people in this community would appreciate its worth and efforts to reform. Of course there may be a few conscientious workers connected with the Civic Association, but who they are The Bee cannot at this time say. The Bee would suggest to the Civic Association to consider the following questions:

"Jim Crow" cars, "Jim Crow" corners in the government departments where many members of the Civic Association are placed; "Jim Crow" corners in the theater; on steamboats; discrimination in certain white saloons; revised Southern Constitutions, and many other discriminating acts in public places. Give the whiskey question a rest, because it is a legitimate business.

SLAVES OR FREEMEN?

There is but little encouragement for the negro in this city. There is as much prejudice here as there is further South, if not more. In our [illegible] phere is tainted with prejudice. There are some officials who dislike to see a colored man elevate himself higher than a servant. Is the negro a slave or a freeman? He is afraid of himself and seems to dislike those who attempt to aid him or elevate him above the common level. The Bee sympathizes with the department employee. The Bee knows that the colored man in the department is worse off to-day than he was twenty-one years ago. There has been a great cry about a square deal. It is nothing more than a sham and some negroes haven't sense enough to see it. A "square deal" means that every man who holds a position or attempts to secure one, or makes an effort to maintain his rights is to receive fair treatment. The same justice and equity that one man receives the other is to receive. If you want equity, "You must do equity." At this time there is no freedom for the colored man in this city. The very police department is getting arbitrary and tyrannical. Officers are given a license to swing their clubs promiscuously and some poor man's head is either split wide open or injured to such an extent that he is compelled to go to the hospital. Instead of the officer being charged with an assault the poor negro is charged. It is a dangerous thing to place so much power in the hands of one individual. A few days ago a lieutenant of a precinct forwarded to the Chief of Police his disapproval of a colored man's poolroom license, whch was approved. The proprietor of this pool room is a colored man. There was no charge against his pool room except a protest signed by a minority of the white residents but the majority approved the granting of the license. The law distinctly states that pool room licenses will be approved and granted if a majority of the residents and owners favors it. The Bee must congratulate Assessor Daniel on his fairness and manhood. He is not influenced by a white sentiment if he is right. He doesn't cater to a prejudiced public sentiment or a neighborhood against a colored man if the claim of the negro is a just one. The Bee will be glad when the day comes when justice and equity will not be subordinated for a prejudiced sentiment or on account of arbitrary power. Is the negro in this city a slave or a freeman?

TUESDAY'S ELECTION.

There were many surprises last Tuesday. It was a defeat for the bosses who have been holding sway since the organization of the Republican party. It is the belief of the people that Tammany was defeated by Mr. Hearst and only an official count will seat him. The American people are just beginning to learn some sense. Gormanism in Maryland is buried forever. Bossism in Pennsylvania is gone into oblivion. There is only one regret *The Bee* has, and that is the defeat of the Ohio Republican ticket. Secretary Taft is responsible for it. It is quite evident that the administration played an important hand.

Mr. Taft never would have made such a speech had he not have had the approval of the administration. Odellism in New York is no more and thank God for it. The Republican party in New York has never been any good to the colored voter. Municipal ownership in the next campaign will be an important factor. Mr. Hearst must be consulted. Now that both great political parties are standing upon a precipice, it will be advisable for the colored voter to look to some other party. In Virginia the colored voter taught the Republicans a lesson. The Republican machine started out to do away with the colored vote. It led the President to believe that it could build up a white Republican party without the aid of the colored vote. The Presidential tour of the South had no effect on those unterrified Democrats. They voted the Democratic ticket just the same and repudiated everything that the Republican party has done for them. You can no more change the politics of a Democrat than you can [illegible] ocrats are unlike Republicans. They are not so easily changed. They know how and where to promise when it is to their interest. President Roosevelt might as well stop now making terms with Democrats. They don't appreciate it. Did the President's tour in Virginia help the Republican party of the state any? What use is it to cater to the Democratic party? One of the purest and cleanest men in the State was nominated on the Republican ticket and he didn't ge as many votes as the meanest man in the Republican party in the state of Virginia. There will be no Republicans by 1907.

HE WILL NOT DENY IT.

From the Atlanta Independent.

"It is about time for the Washington Bee to put up the proof or stop the threadbare lie that somebody attempted to assassinate Booker T. Washington. The people of the country will believe Mr. Emmet J. Scott's straightforward denial until Brother Chase comes from behind his mythical employee (?) at Tuskegee."

Mr. Scott has made no straightforward denial, and will not deny that a person residing on the grounds at Tuskegee wrote to a relative in Washington that a mob visited Booker T. Washington's house at night and fired into it.

From the Atlanta Independent.

We would like to have Editor Hershaw-Lyons-Chase, of The Bee, to compare their services to the race and country with plain Booker Washington's. Then give the country an honest confession.

We have always commended the work at Tuskegee. Booker Washington at Tuskegee is in his proper place. Booker Washington as a Moses, a leader, is out of his element, and has done the race infinite harm. His latest exhibition of inconsistency consists in crying down agitation at his Business League meeting, and in then issuing a proclamation to celebrate the centenary of William Lloyd Garrison, the greatest of all agitators.

THE POE AMENDMENT.

Well, old Poe like his amendment, is dead. There are some good people in the state of Maryland. They knew that Poe was as obnoxious to them as his amendment. The defeat of Senator Gorman is a rebuke to his machine politics. The sensible white people in Maryland know as well as Gorman that there is not a colored man in the state that would attempt to go where he is not wanted and there is not a colored man in the state who would wish to run for an office to which he knew he could not be elected. So far as colored men wanting social equality, no colored man would dare to enter the house of a white man if he were not invited. Neither Poe nor the Democratic orators could convince the ignorant white masses that colored men wanted to rule.

THE GUARDIAN'S FOURTH YEAR.

We extend our hearty congratulations to our very esteemed friend The Boston Guardian on attaining its fourth year. The Guardian is now a great force in the life of the race. It has achieved large things in four years. It has cheered the faithful, scourged the faithless, and stood at all times for every right. Today The Guardian occupies the New England field without a competitor. It is also growing nationally, because it meets a national need. Long may The Guardian live! Long may William Monroe Trotter, its fearless and irreproachable editor, live to defend his race!

If you put a small man in office it is not long before he gets too big for the job.

The Trial Board will submit a few important cases shortly. All of them will be convictions.

Wm. R. Hearst was no doubt elect [illegible]d and Mr. Jerome will see that a square deal is given him.

Jerome defied the bosses and wa[illegible]elected. What he will do with Tam[illegible]

Do you intend to pay your subscription for The Bee? Have you a conscience? If so remit at onee.

Old grafters were defeated in Pennsylvania to make room for new ones. Reformation in politics is a sham.

It is claimed that every teacher will testify against Dr. Gordon in the coming investigation. The Bee is in doubt.

There is a great deal of dissatisfaction among the colored members of the bar. Some of them believe that President Roosevelt has made a mistake.

PRESIDENT TAYLOR'S POSITION.

From the Piedmont Planet.

There is an echo from the action of the Grand Fountain, United Order of True Reformers in voting to the late Rev. W. W. Browne the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00) for two copyrights. It seems that the widow of the late True Reformer leader was the beneficiary of his will. She has since married and her name is now Mrs. Wm. H. Smith. The order has paid her twenty-nine thousand, five hundred dollars ($29,500.00) of the money, but for more than three years she has received nothing, as her side puts it, but promises.

She was shrewd enough after her former husband's death to secure a contract from the Grand Fountain duly signed agreeing to pay to her the balance of the fifty thousand dollars and specifying that it was to be paid quarterly in sums of $1500.00. In case of the failure to pay the said amount bonds were to be given to insure the payment of the asme. Mrs. Smith has not received this money. She has written to President Taylor and she has even attempted to get before he Execuive Board with counsel. They were willing for her to come, but refused to permit her counsel, Messrs. Christian and Christian to accompany her.

The last session of the Grand Fountain took the matter up and Mrs. Smith seems to have expected some positive action on its part, but it referred the matter to a committee would adjust the matter. It looks now as though this committee under the leadership of Rev. Dr. Taylor will readjust it. President Taylor seems to be unusually careful in his attitude and has determined not to write. He makes propositions, but they are oral and when he is asked to put these in writing, he wisely shakes his head and permits his attorney, J. C. Robertson to do the writing.

His attitude has so exasperated Mrs. Mollie Browne-Smith that her counsel, Messrs. Chritsian and Christian, one of the ablest civil practitioners before the bar here, wrote the last ultimatum to the Order of True Reformers via President Wm. L. Taylor, giving it until Nov. 1st, 1905, to answer, the failure to do so would be followed by a suit against the order.

It would be well to state here that Mrs. Smith has agreed to make a reduction of 5 per cent from the total amount, which would be $2,500. President Taylor is not in favor of that, so the rumor goes, and insists upon a lop-off of only ten thousand dollars. He claims that the late Rev. W. W. Browne stated himself that he thought $40,000 was a fair price for the copyrights and he is ready to levy an assessment upon the order and if given four years time without interest will proceed to raise the money.

This is the allegation of the Mrs. Browne-Smith's forces. Rev. Taylor has not been seen, but we have it from some of his advisers that he is as yet considering the proposition. It is stated that the shrewd attorneys for the order have stated that the Readjusting Committee will take the matter up as soon as Rev. W. L. Taylor reurns to the city and as business in the West seems very good for the order no one can state for a moral certainty when that will be, although he may have reached the city before this article comes to the eyes of the public.

It would be well to state the True Reformers' side of the controversy. We know that we are venturing on delicate ground, but hope that our statement of the case may be absolutely fair to both sides. It seems that the True Reformers have been having much trouble with the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts and the District of Columbia. The latter required them to bear the expense of the commission which met in this city and examined the books of the order "from Dan to Be-ersheba."

It is said to have cost the True Reformers about five thousand dollars and when the Commissioners ruled against them, shutting them out of the District of Columbia until they had complied with the rigid requirements of that tribunal for many months the order could do no business there, and finally an arrangement was made by which they could do business with the fraternal department, without complying in full with the rigid bond requirement of the District of Columbia.

While examining the accounts of the [illegible] came across the items, where twenty-nine thousand five hundred dollars had been paid out of the fraternal department to the estate of the late Rev. W. W. Browne. This was severely criticised and the officers of the order, President Taylor especially, made to understand that the money had been improperly diverted and that the officials concerned should be made to replace the amount in the treasury of the order.

President Taylor vehemently protested against this proposition and the Commissioners agreed that if the officials would pledge themselves not to pay further amounts from this fund they would pass by the payments previously made. This is the reason given by the Order's officials for the discontinuance of the payments to Mrs. Browne-Smith. Of course the money could be paid from any other fund, but not from any of the money now in the Treasury of the Order. This left the matter in the air, so to speak, for there was no other money with which to pay it.

A VALUED FRIEND.

From the Southern Workman.

One of Hampton's most valued friends, Miss Alletta Lent, has recently given Hampton five hundred dollars as a memorial of her brother, William B. Lent, the author, who was for many years a loyal friend to the school. It is not often that the officials a Hampton can expend money for the sole purpose of elevating the taste of the students and appealing to their higher impulses through their artistic sense. Miss Lent's gift, however, makes this possible and about one-fourth of the amount has already been used for the purchase of pictures to be known as the William B. Lent Collection. These pictures will be hung in the boys' room and cannot fail to be a source of pleasure and inspiration to hundreds heretofore entirely unfamiliar with good art. Most of the prints are sepia and colored reproductions in low, soft tones, of landscapes, studies of animal life, and genre pictures not too strange to the experience of the Hampton boys to be appreciated. The framing is now being done at the Trade School and the average cost of each picture will be about two dollars. As soon as the framing is finished the prints will be exhibited and Miss Johnson, the drawing teacher, will give an explanation of their meaning and purpose, after which the boys will be allowed, so far as possible, to choose the pictures they prefer for their own rooms.

HERO IS GONE!

From the Independent.

"Father" James Hill of the South Carolina Conference of the A. M. E. Church departed this life on Tuesday morning on Hall street, east.

Father Hill is the last of the great old men who joined the first conference at Savannah in 1865. He was preceded to the better land by Rev. Drs. Henry Strickland, Joseph A. Woods, C. L. Bradwell.

They have greeted each other ere this. Truly a prince in Israel has fallen today.

May the Lord keep his ashes precious!

THE BAPTIST CONVENTION.

From the Illinois Idea.

The late Negro Baptist Convention, which assembled here from Oct. 26 to 31, was all that could be expected of a Christian body of men and women. It was truly a representative body of the great redeemer and the members of this splendid body so conducted themselves by their unparalleled deportment and good behavior while on the streets of the city of Chicago and in their respective boarding places in private homes: Their coming has left a deep impression upon the people of this community for good, who at any time will be glad to give the brethren a noisy welcome at their return. We congratulate the delegates and await their return.

THE NEGROES ALL WEEP.

From the Charleston Messenger.

The negroes throughout the State of South Carolina weep on hearing the sentence of Hon. Geo. W. Murray to the penitentiary for three long years, and when the Federal Court denied the appeal every negro leader's head bowed in shame and disgrace. It is evident that the entire bulk of negroes in South Carolina is in some measure affected by the downfall of Geo. W. Murray. It is an incident most deplorable. It is out of our scope now to discuss the merits and demerits of the indictment against George Washington Murray. The highest tribunal of the State has decided through all the technical points of legal objection that Murray's conviction is justifiable, and the courts have gone so far as to be extremely tolerant with Murray's efforts and desire to escape serving the sentence imposed upon him. We can only advise that the race profit by the example set in this case. It is to be remembered that the desire to be grafters among us is one of the weak links in the negro's chain of moral strength which must be well mended as we advance along educational lines; for the negro's education means nothing if his conception of moral action is to continue on the low[illegible]

ITEMS ON THE WING.

And this is the twentieth century [illegible] our Lord Christ. On every street co[illegible]ner churches lift their proud spires [illegible] heaven, and every community is maki[illegible] an effort to send missionaries abroad [illegible] convert the heathen nations to our cree[illegible] (It is not necessary to send missionari[illegible] abroad. There are plenty of fields [illegible] the United States, converts in the pe[illegible]sons in the persons of the educated he[illegible]thens.)

Young people should have sport, [illegible]s Pius X. It does good both to th[illegible] souls and their bodies. It makes us fe[illegible] young to see them run, jump and enjoy themselves.

Mrs. M. E. Gray, widow of Col. Wm. P. Gray of Odd Fellows fame, is at present in Newburg, New York.

"Come children," said the erstwhile widower, introducing his second wife to his children, "come and kiss your new mamma." "Oh Pa," exclaimed the youngest, "if they worked her off on you as new they stuck you."

Alfred T. Dodge, of Dodgeville, Cal., shoe manufacturer, not only works his employes eight hours a day, but allows them a ten-minute recess during the middle of the forenoon and afternoon as well, with good results to himself.

Pius X has decided to send to the U. S. a high prelate to investigate all educational matters affecting the Church in America and to visit all the principal Catholic institutions in that country.

Mr. Henry W. Furniss, Consul at Bahia, has succeeded Wm. F. Powell, minister to Hayti, resigned.

For the first time in six years, Ban Johnson, president of the American League, and John T. Brush, president of the New York National, are on speaking terms.

Last week we ran across an old friend, Dr. P. B. Brooks. The Dr. looks well and again he never allows prosperity to turn his head like some of our Upper Crust, &c., &c.

There are a great many men who profess Masonry but forget that it is not the external that makes the Mason. A beggar has as much right to be a member of the craft as the richest man on the face of the earth.

Ill. & Rev. James H. Hill, 33°, [illegible]s one of the prominent members of th[illegible]e Masonic fraternity of the D. C.

Among our prominent members [illegible] of the G. A. R. is Col. R. D. Goodman. [illegible] Comrade Goodman has seen consi[illegible]derable service during the late rebellion. He is a fixture at the G. P. O.

Rev. Peter Lucas, D.D., has [illegible]rned to the city to again make it his [illegible]home.

Ill. Henry C. Harris is up a[illegible]nd out, again.

Bro. John H. Lee, P. G. M., [illegible]has returned to the jurisdiction.

Mrs. N. N. Snowden, wife of [illegible] Ill. N. N. Snowden (P. G. H. P.), [illegible]as returned home after a trip away [illegible] of several months.

The negro in the South, in [illegible]view of the persecutions that he has [illegible]received and is now receiving should vot[illegible]e where his conservatism would be p[illegible]rotected. What is the use of fighting for [illegible]a thing and you in return getting the [illegible]worst of it? The trouble is, the South [illegible]is mad because the North freed her [illegible]slaves. The ex-slaves from a politica[illegible]l standpoint stand by those that fre[illegible]d them. The party in question has g[illegible]one to the pitch that they don't care for th[illegible]eir black allies and in return the colore[illegible]d brother is getting (from a saing stand[illegible]point) the worst of the deal, while the [illegible]ex-rebels are getting the best of the sam[illegible]e.

It would be a good plan if [illegible]the railroad people at the new Uni[illegible]on Depot would be more careful in lett[illegible]ing down their gates when cars are [illegible]moving to and fro. What are the gate[illegible]men there for?

It looks now as if the prop[illegible]osed contest between Bob Fitzsimmon[illegible]s and Jack O'brien of Philadelphia will [illegible]be a fixture.

Chas. Johnson, who wit[illegible]h Jimmy Wakeley backed John L. S[illegible]ullivan in nearly all of his big fistic b[illegible]ttles, died Nov. 3 of Bright's disease. He leaves a fortune.

Discussing the disfranchi[illegible]sement of the negro in Virginia Sena[illegible]tor Martin said that this had been accom[illegible]plished in the face of vigorous protes[illegible] from the Republican Party aand now [illegible]the candidates of that party come f[illegible]orward and claim that it has been purif[illegible]ed and regenerated by the elimination [illegible]of the negro vote. (Star, Nov. 4, [illegible]1905.)

In view of the fact that [illegible]the white ministers of the U. S. us[illegible], politics it would be wise if our colore[illegible]d ministers would confine their subject[illegible]s in the pulpit upon four things, viz.,[illegible] fairs, unification of the race[illegible] and political matters that [illegible]benefit the negro of the U[illegible] way with so many excursi[illegible]ons.

Relative to the High Lice[illegible]nse. Like some people want all a[illegible]t one to get nothing. Liquo[illegible]r, the highest as well as th[illegible]e high license should be pa[illegible]id. It will simply create more [illegible]saloons. Relative to the growler or [illegible]bucket trade, that is the poor man's frie[illegible]nd. The b[illegible] quesion only contains [illegible]less than per cent alcohol. What [illegible]makes drunks is the mixing of [illegible]the drink. High balls, stone fences, [illegible]Tuskkal horses, &c., &c.

Register J. W. Lyons made a great impression in Ohio.

Prof. Kelly Miller will speak in Pittsburg, Pa., November 30th.

Mrs. Victoria Jones will visit Baltimore, Md., during the holidays.

There will be some new features at the Whist Circle this month.

Miss Maud Lackey is furnishing some fine music at the Whist Circle now.

President John P. Green of the Second Baptist Church, is making a good presiding officer.

Dr. H. L. Packwood and wife from Bermuda, B. W. I., are visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. Ella V. C. Williams addressed the sewing class of Mrs. Clark last Tuesday evening.

Recorder J. C. Dancy, who addressed the citizens of Newark, N. J., last week, has returned to the city.

The Mu-so-lit Club held its regular meeting last night at the Washington Conservatory. The attendance was large and the program very enjoyable.

Miss Nellie Robinson, Bureau Engraving and Printing, who was indisposed the first of the week, has resumed her duties in the Bureau again.

Mr. J. A. Lankford, of the Business League of this city, addressed the Business League of Richmond, Va., Wednesday evening before a large audience.

As entertainers, Mr. and Mrs. Newsome are a decided success, and the guests went away with pleasant recollections of their host and hostess.

Mrs. Lula S. Chase Goldsbery, who has been in the city some time, took a flying trip to Lynchburg, Va., last Friday evening and returned Sunday.

Mrs. Leo S. West and son, Mr. J. Herman Peck, have returned to the city after spending a pleasant time in Providence, R. I. Mr. Peck expects to enter Harvard University.

Miss Martha Liggons, a teacher in the public schools, has been confined to her bed on account of illness for three weeks. She is much improved and hopes to resume her duties in school next week.

Attorney Louis G. Gregory, ex-President of Bethel Literary will address the Lyceum of the 3rd Baptist Church on Sunday, Nov. 12th, at 3 P. M., subject, "Thou shalt not steal." Sensational developments are said to be expected.

Monday Mr. E. Tignor, who for a long time has been engaged in Busmer's in the D. C., departed life. Deceased was a well known citizen, noted for his Christian virtues, etc. He was a member of the Masonic farternity for a number of years, being treasurer of Pythagoras No. 9, F. A. A. M. of this city. He leaves a family.

The first annual reception of the Ladies' Crispus Attucks Association was given Monday evening, the 6th instant, at Odd Fellows' Hall. A brilliant crowd attended the affair. Music was furnished by the Columbit Orchestra. Prof. Sylvester Thomas, leader. The affair was quite a success.

Mrs. Julia Leftwhich, who has been the guest of her mother-in-law, and whose husband has been stationed in Texas, left the city Sunday evening for St. Louis, Mo., where she will join her husband and go to Louisiana, where Rev. Leftwhich will take charge of a seminary.

Mrs. Leftwhich left behind her a number of friends who will miss her.

Miss Hattie Chase, who died Sunday evening at her home on 13th street, N. W., was at the time of her death employed in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. Miss Chase had been sick for a long time and her death relieved a great sufferer. She was buried from St. Mary's Church Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock. The floral designs were beautiful.

The Civic Club met on the evening of the 4th instant at the residence of Dr. Geo. H. Richardson on Eleventh street, N. E. Reports were read from the various standing committees and it was decided to hold a special meeting on the following Monday to formulate resolutions in regard to the M Street High School controversy. The meeting was largely attended.

Many of the severest critics of the colored schools of the District are persons who draw salaries as teachers where a number of persons who cannot harmonize are found teaching in the same building, the Board of Education ought to remedy the matter by wholesale transfers or requests for resignations. Friction between teachers in the same building is demoralizing to the pupils. And if these schools are not maintained in the interest of the pupils they should be turned into hospitals or jails or some other institutions that really benefit the public.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Vermont Avenue Baptist Church held a reception last Wednesday night in honor of Rev. Geo. W. Lee, pastor of that church. The reception and presentation were in the hands of the following committee: Miss Martha Johnson, chairman; Mr. C. B. Braxton, president; Mr. E. B. Reid, manager; Miss Nannie Lucus, and Mrs. Lucy V. Lewis. The occasion was the 20th anniversary of the pastorate of Rev. Geo. W. Lee, who has made a most brilliant record. No man has been more honored by his members than Rev. Lee. Some of the best citizens of the city were present to do honor to one of the most successful ministers in the city. The address of Rev. Lee in accepting the token of esteem tendered by the society was as usual entertaining. The church was taxed to its utmost capacity.

Rev. and Mrs. John Hurst of Baltimore celebrated the 15th anniversary of their marriage last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Elias P. Draper celebrated their fiftieth or golden wedding anniversary the 25th of last month. Mr. Draper is eighty years old and Mrs. Draper is seventy. Both enjoy good health.

Miss Annie Thomas of our city attended the golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Draper of Philadelphia.

Mrs. E. W. Lampton of our city assisted Rev. and Mrs. Hurst in their recent celebration.

Rev. J. B. Warner was among the guests who attended the anniversary of Rev. and Mrs. Hurst.

Register J. W. Lyons was the guest of Mr. John Fry while in Chicago, where he addressed the Baptist convention.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pickett, of Chicago, expect to spend the winter in Washington.

Mrs. Charles Hall is visiting Mrs. J. J. Grant, 3232 Wabash Avenue, Chicago.

Mr. E. D. Yougger, one of Washington's best known and oldest citizens, suffered from a stroke of paralysis.

Mr. C. M. Dameron, who has been visiting his parents, returns to the city to continue his work.

CITY BRIEFS.

Mr. W. T. Benjamin of the Government Printing Office has about fully recovered from his recent illness.

Miss Jeanette E. Anderson, assistant director of sewing, is improving and it is hoped that she may be able to resume her duties in school shortly.

Miss Penn, matron at the Police Court, who met with a serious accident is slowly improving.

The Scott Brothers have opened a first-class livery stable. They are energetic young men.

A City Post Office employee was fined $120 as an unlicensed money broker on Monday.

The dismay of the Washington public school teachers over the ruling of Comptroller Tracewell, which will prevent the payment of the full December salary before the Christmas holidays, as has been customary, was somewhat modified today by the decision at the District office to comply with Secretary W. W. Connor's request that two pay rolls be submitted for the month. According to this decision the teachers will be paid their salaries for half a month each on or about December 20.

At a meeting of the board of managers of the Colred Young Women's Christian Association Monday night there was a discussion of the plans for a building in which could be established the varied phases of association work. It is the purpose to secure a building commodious and convenient of access to those the C. Y. W. C. A. is designed to reach and benefit.

A resolution was unanimously adopted which provided that the investigation into the M Street High School controversy has been concluded favorably to the retention of Mrs. Anna J. Cooper as principal. The resolution provides further that the Colored Young Women's Christian Association extends to Mrs. Bettie G. Francis and Mr. James [illegible] to vindicate Mrs. Cooper's management and that they be assured of support in whatever display of courage they may in the future be called on to show in safeguarding the interests and welfare of the colored schools.

The marriage of Miss Katie Obinger, white, and James Z. Jefferson, colored, both of Baltimore, was solemnized in this city last Sunday by the Rev. W. Bishop Johnson, pastor of the Second Baptist Church, at his residence, 403 N street, N. W. It was originally intended to have the ceremony take place in Baltimore, but the laws of the state of Maryland forbid the marriage of white and colored people, and Jefferson came to this city on October 23 and secured a license. The news came to the ears of the parents of the girl, Mr. and Mrs. John Obinger, who reside at 1315 Stockton street, and they hurried to her place of employment on Eutaw Place and took her home. Her mother implored her not to wed the colored man, and at last she promised and said that she would give him up and remain at home. The next morning she left the house, bought a trunk, packed her wearing apparel and rented a room on West Lexington street, to which she moved. Since that time her parents have been in complete ignorance of her movements.

Efforts were made to locate Rev. Johnson, but he could not be found either at his residence or at the Second Baptist Church. At his residence it was stated that the marriage had been performed last Sunday. Inquiry at the office of the clerk of the Supreme Court of the District of Coulmbia showed that the Rev. Johnson had made the return stating that the marriage had been performed. Immediately after the marriage Jefferson and the girl went to Philadelphia, where they are at present.

When Jefferson obtained the license he expected it to be used the following Sunday, but as the minister was absent from the city the marriage was postponed until last Sunday. The girl met the colored man at the office of George W. Kennard, his stepfather, who conducts the training school of Christ's Medico-Chirurgical and Theological College. The white girl was one of a class of white and colored persons who were taking the course for trained nurses. Kennard, it is reported, made the statement that the girl was very bright in her studies at the school.

"She had natural talent," he said, "was gifted, and at the end of eight months stood first in the Latin class, for which she received a gold medal."

Kennard further stated, it is said, that when the girl called later to ascertain the whereabouts of Jefferson he asked her if she thought she was taking the proper step, and says that she replied: "It is none of your business." Jefferson, it is stated, is twenty-three years of age, and his wife has just passed nineteen.

THE AUTUMN LEAF SOCIAL,

Given at the residence of Mrs. C. H. K. Newsom, 1013 New York avenue on Wednesday night, Nov. 1, was a pretty and enjoyable affair. It was quite largely attended by some of Washington's best. The festivities continued until a late hour. Recitations were heard from the following ladies: Mr. Lawyer Heath and Mrs. Hansborough of Washington and Miss Della M. Sandusky of Lexington, Ky.

The dining room was taastefully and fittingly decorated, the following being some of the wall sentiments, around which were gracefully entwined beautiful, variegated autumn leaves:

"The leaves of the oak and the willow
shall fade,
Be scattered around, and together be
laid;
And the young and the old, and the low
and the high,
Shall moulder to dust, and together
shall die."

—Wm. Knok.

"We all do fade as a leaf."—Isaiah, lxiv, 6.

"Old age is the autumn of life; our actions, its leaves."

The entertainment was given in the interest of the Lincoln Temple rall.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

The first great Y. M. C. A. mass meeting of the season was held Sunday at 3.30 P. M., at True Reformers' Hall. Rev. B. T. Perkins, D.D., the eloquent pastor of Mt. Zion M. E. Church, delivered the address, subject: "The Bible Human Yet Divine." The talk was concise, effective and brief. Fully 350 men listened attentively to the speaker and enjoyed the fine singing by the double quartette from the Mt. Zion M. E. Church under the direction of Mr. J. T. Beason, and the Y. M. C. A. quartette. The meeting was robust and inspiring—a typical men's meeting.

A plan is on foot to get money to purchase a lot. Envelopes were given out and all friends were asked to give $1.00 and as much more as possible by the first Sunday in December.

Bible class meets Wednesday evening, at 7.30 P. M., in secretary's office. Rev. F. J. Grimke is the teacher.

Prof. L. B. Moore, Ph. D., of Howard University, addresses the meeting Sunday, November 12th, at 3.30 P. M., True [illegible]

HOUSE & HERR MAN

HE LARGEST INSTALLMENT HOUSE IN the CITY

Now is the time to FURNISH YOUR HOUSE
Carpet Your Floors ond LIVE Comfortably.

Only First-Class stores keep first class goods and sold by first class cler
how large your Purchases are immediate delivery is made to any part of the city

Call at once,
Northeast Corner 7th and "I"

Name THE BEE when you call.

of Christ," John 16, 33. This talk will open the Week of Prayer which will continue through the week. Meetings open at 8 P. M.

SECOND BAPTIST LYCEUM.

One of the largest crowds that ever assembled at the Second Baptist Church Lyceum was yast Sunday afternoon. The essayist of the day was Mrs. Ella V. Chase Williams, formerly of this city, but now of Abbeville, S. C. Mrs. Williams was introduced by the president, Hon. John P. Green, in a well chosen address. She took for her subject "Masters." For one hour Mrs. Williams spoke eloquently and logically. Her references and comparisons were most entertaining. Her statistics on the race question were indisputable. She discussed art, science, theology and classic literature of historians and philosophers. She stated what masters were and what was required to be masters. The large audience present never seemed to become tired, so entertaining was the paper and the eloquence of the essayist. The singing and music by the pianist were good. At the conclusion of the paper Miss Emma F. G. Merritt, supervising principal of the primary department of the public schools, opened the discussion. She was followed by Mr. J. T. Newsom, Mr. Matthews, Mr. W. C. Payne and others.

Mrs. Williams was highly congratulated and a vote of thanks was unanimously tendered by the lyceum.

Mr. J. T. Newsom was elected corresponding secretary of the lyceum, whose duty it shall be to report the proceedings of the lyceum and answer all communications, etc.

It was decided to give a reception for the benefit of the lyceum some time this month. Tomorrow Attorney L. G. Gregory will read a paper entitled "Thou Shalt Not Steal." Attorney Gregory is a most eloquent speaker and a fine writer. The lyceum under the presidency of Mr. Green is increasing in membership.

OUR LOCAL BUSINESS LEAGUE.

The Local Negro Business League, which was organized some three months ago, will have its regular monthly meeting at the True Reformers' Building, Room 5, Monday evening, Nov. 13, at 8 o'clock P. M. All are invited to be present.

The principal address of the evening will be delivered by the Hon. J. C. Dancy on "What the League Stands For." Some of the musical talent who will render special selections are Mrs. A. G. Green, Dr. A. V. Gray and Miss Lucy J. Moten.

The League is growing very rapidly. Its membership has already nearly reached the one hundred mark. The way the monthly programmes are gotten out is quite unique and the business men of Washington are being thoroughly organized, and we are certainly glad to elate that some part of Washington society can come together for one com-

BALTIMORE AND OHIO TERMINAL AT TWENTY-THIRD STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

All passenger trains of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad to and from New York City now have direct ferry connection with 23rd Street Terminal, in addition to Liberty Street; the South Ferry Terminal having been discontinued.

Twenty-third Street is the most popular terminal of the great metropolis because of its convenience to the hotel, theatre and shopping district. In the recent remodeling of the terminal building a glass roofed canopy was constructed fifty feet wide, under which the cross-town cars of the 14th, 23rd, 28th and 29th Street lines pass, so that passengers are protected from the weather leaving the ferry house, and also avoid the annoyance of street traffic.

All baggage destined to New York City will be delivered to 23rd Street unless distinctly marked "Liberty Street," or otherwise.

A complete electric cab service has also been established for the transportation of passengers and baggage at very reasonable rates.

The importance of 23rd Street is most graphically brought to attention in the August number of the Book of the Royal Blue published by the passenger department of the Baltimore & Ohio, under the title "Into the Heart of Gotham." The interest centers within a mile radius of 23rd street, Fifth avenue and Broadway. Full page photographs of unusual detail present a most vivid picture of this most interesting locality. Send 5 cents for copy to D. B. Martin, Manager Passenger Traffic. P

S.H. HINES,

UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER.
1715 14th St., N. W.

Satisfactory prices and services guaranteed to all.
Special rates given to subscribers of THE BEE. Thirty years' experience. Funeral parlor furnished. Telephone, North 1595.

R. L. Middleton,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND LIVERYMAN.

Coffins can be shipped to any part of the State upon reliable telegraph orders. Your patronage solicited. My prices are the cheapest and my stock second to none. Fine carriages and polite drivers for all occasions.

CARRIAGES FOR HIRE FOR ALL OCCASIONS.

Office, Warerooms, 516 Eighth St., Southeast.
Phone Connection. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

LOAN COMPANIES.

Established 1866.
BURNSTINE LOAN OFFICE.
Gold and silver watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, mechanical tools, ladies' and gent's wearing apparel. Old gold and silver bought. Unredeemed pledges for sale.
361 *Pennsylvania Ave, N. W.*

MONEY

For everybody at rates lower than the lowest. Don't be deceived; come to us and investigate. Business strictly confidential. No one knows of your transaction with us. We lend on furniture, pianos, or salary. If you have a loan now anywhere and need more money, come to us. Nothing deducted from loan. You get full amount. Extension in case of sickness without extra charge.

METROPOLITAN LOAN AND TRUST CO.
505 E St., N. W.

LOANS.

From $10 up to $200 loaned on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, fixtures, etc.

COURTEOUS

treatment guaranteed to all.

We have the largest business in the city. Why? Because we grant extensions in case of sickness and give you the benefit of our liberal rebate system if you pay up in advance.

We carry thousands of satisfied customers on our books. Call and investigate.

SURETY LOAN COMPANY,
Room 1, Warder Bldg., Cor. 9th and F Sts., N. W.

A Square Deal
FOR EVERYBODY
$10 to $300

On FURNITURE, PIANOS, TEAMS, ETC., without removal, at a low rate of interest.

WHEN YOU BUY MERCHANDISE you go to a reliable house. Why not do the same thing when you borrow money? We are an old-established company, and treat everybody alike.

Isn't it worth your while to see us before dealing elsewhere? We pay off other companies and advance you more money.

We also loan on plain note to salaried employees, and make a specialty of loans to TEACHERS.

POTOMAC GUARANTEE LOAN CO
928 F Street, Northwest.
ATLANTIC BUILDING. ROOMS 23 and 24

J. H. DABNEY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
HIRING, LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Carriages hired for funerals, parties, balls, receptions, etc.

Horses and carriages kept in first-class style. Satisfaction guaranteed. Business at 1132 Third street, N. W. Main Office Branch at 222 Alfred street, Alexandria, Va.

Telephone for Office, Main 1727. Telephone Call for Stable, Main 1482-5.

OUR STABLES IN FREEMAN'S ALLEY.

Where I can accommodate 50 horses. Call and inspect our new and moderate caskets and investigate our methods of doing first-class work.

1132 Third street, N. W.
J. H. DABNEY, Prop.

THE ARCTIC ICE CREAM CO AND OYSTER HOUSE.
1723 Seventh St. Northwest.

French and American Ice Creams, Ices and Sherbets.

Fine Line of Oysters and Sea Food. Always in Stock.

Cafe for Gentlemen and Ladies. Prices always consistent with the excellence of the goods. Special rates offered to dealers, to churches and religious bodies. I. E. Williamson, Proprietor and Manager.

Telephone Connection.

QUININE HAIR TONIC.
A SUPERB TOILET ARTICLE

This preparation will be found of great benefit to those possessing weak and thin hair.

It strengthens and invorates the Roots, imparts lustre and promotes rapid growths. For the Ladies' Toilet it is indispensible.

Directions: Rub well into scalp every morning.

Prepared only at W. L. Smith's Drug Store, 7th and Pomery Sts., N. W., Washington, D. C.

FOR RENT, ROOMS.

To let, furnished rooms, 1812 11th street, N. W.

Julius Cohen,

CLOTHIER and Gents OUTFITTER.
$1.—Full Dress Suits For Hire—$1.
1300 and 1304 Seventh St., Northwest
Washington, D. C.

A IAR PEOPFE.

"Peculiar People" is a new book for the millions. By Mrs. Arabella Virginia Chase.

NEW SUBJECTS.

Every division, which are twelve (12) is discussed in a new way. The book will tell who the peculiar people are:

1. THEIR ORIGIN.
2. HE BECOMES A PECULIAR.
3. A MISAPPLICATION.
4. USELESS LEGISLATION.
5. NO LONGER BEGGARS.
6. HIS ABODE.
7. BUSINESS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS.
8. IMITATIVENESS AND RESULTS.
9. THE POLITICAL ATMOSPHERE.
10. GOOD CITIZENSHIP.
11. UNWHOLESOME PRACTICES.
12. EXCERPTS AND COMMENTS.

SUMMARY.

MRS. ARABELLA V. CHASE

It is a book that should be in the library of every citizen.

KNOW YOURSELF.

To know yourself you will have to read this book.

Fifty cents per copy, postage prepaid, sent to any part of the world. Send money order or registered letter.

Address:

Mrs. Arabella Virginia Chase, 1212 Florida avenue northwest, or THE WASHINGTON BEE, 1109 Eye street northwest, Washington, D. C.

CURIOUS LEGAL POINT.

Shall Cremated Corpse Pay Same Rate for Carriage as Body in Coffin?

Paris.—A curious case now before a French tribunal invokes a point which has not yet come up for legal settlement. A certain New York doctor, whose name thus far is withheld, recently accompanied a wealthy western American to Italy, where his patient after a lingering illness died.

In order to avoid the trouble and formalities of carrying the body to the United States in a coffin the doctor on his own authority had the corpse cremated. The ashes were placed in a small urn, which was then packed carefully and shipped as ordinary freight on which he paid the usual tariff according to weight.

The doctor landed on the American side all right, but the steamship company discovered his secret and demanded the price of carrying a dead body in a coffin, which amounts to nearly $150 more than the doctor paid for the urn's transportation. This he refused and the case must be decided at Paris, since it was at a French port that the urn was shipped. The impression here is that the company will lose the case.

TO DUPLICATE EVERY GUN.

Precaution That Is Deemed Necessary by the Naval General Board.

Washington.—Every gun in the navy will have its duplicate to guard against any emergency and accident, if the recommendation of the naval chief of ordnance is carried out.

The naval general board, it is believed, thoroughly approves of it, and consequently the naval estimates to go before the next congress may contain a formidable item to cover the cost of producing the new guns.

Such accidents as have happened in recent years, particularly to the big turret guns of the battleships, would compel the ship to go into action in disabled condition or be laid up for months in a navy yard. The idea is to keep spare guns in stock at convenient points to immediately replace the damaged ones.

Growth of Things Out West.

A correspondent of the Checotah (I. T.) Times, and for whose veracity that paper vouches, tells the following: "The terrible news comes from the western part of the Cherokee Nation that a boy climbed a cornstalk to see how the corn was getting along, and now the corn is growing up faster than the boy can climb down. The boy is clear out of sight. Three men have undertaken to cut the stalk down with axes and save the boy from starvation, but it grows so fast that they can't back twice in the same place. The boy is living on nothing but raw corn and already has thrown down over four bushels of cobs."

Decorated Chef.

King Edward's chef, M. Menager, was among those to receive birthday honor on the occasion of his majesty's recent birthday. He is believed to be among the most accomplished chefs in the world. He was decorated with the Victorian medal. Other recipients of that distinction are understood to feel that in conferring the medal on a cook King Edward has rather cheapened the honor.

Louis J. Kessel,

Importer of and Wholesale Dealer in

WINES AND whiskies

Sole Owner of the..... ... Following Brands:

Private Stock,
Old Reserve,
Hermit
Oxford,
Tremont

425 TENTH SREET, N. W.
Telephone—Main—160

HIDDEN ISLES OF THE SEA.

Many a noble ship, richly laden with the proudest spoils of human industry and enterprise, and freighted with that which is dearer still—human life—has passed away in the morning sunlight glitteri snowy canvas, passed away, ne arrive at its destination; passed awa, forever from the ken and knowledge of men as completely as if it had never been in existence.

What has become of those vanished argosies? Whither have they go When the seas give up their old ocean lays bare its sec the

human skeletons, the virgin gold, the priceless gems, the costly jewels, and the wrecks of those vanished ships will be found strewn amid the tremendous passes and deep defiles of those submerged mountain ranges which are the backbones of lost continents, upon those topmost peaks, projecting near the surface of the seas, these lost convoys have been dashed to destruction! The mariner's compass and the navigator's chart have not been able to protect commerce from the wreck and ruin of these submerged ridges, but the good

ship "Columbia," richly laden with its precious cargo of "Columbia Club," the purest and best whiskey in the world, launched and navigated by William J. Donovan from the famous Baseball House, located at 1528 Seventh street, N. W., with the Stars and Stripes glittering from its gaff and defiance to all competitors thundering from its steel-clad turrets, has weathered every gale and returned safely from every voyage, because Mr. Donovan knows the highways of successful business enterprise are strewn with the derelicts of pretension and misrepresentation, and that quality alone, and quality strictly and strenuously adhered to, is the only chart and surest recommendation of those who wish to indulge in the delicious, stimulating, health-giving virtue of a truly honest American whiskey—the "Columbia Club."

Tours World in Auto.

A special cablegram announces the arrival of Charles J. Glidden, the Boston millionaire, in Paris from Java, completing an automobile tour of the world. He covered 25,000 miles by auto in 210 days, passing through 24 countries and 8,000 cities, towns and villages. Besides he traveled 24,627 miles by water, which alone took 78 days. He carried the American flag to Upper Torneo, in the Arctic circle, in Sweden, and to Bluff, New Zealand. Mr. Glidden was accompanied by his wife and a machinist. He plans a tour of Africa this fall.

Rich Girl Wife of an Indian.

It has developed that Miss Edna Theresa Kenton, the daughter of a rich Philadelphia manufacturer has been the wife of A. H. Nash, a Winnebago Indian, for nearly two weeks. Miss Kenton graduated from Carlisle in 1897 and studied at Andover and the University of Pennsylvania.

Not In The Trust

PURITY ICE CO.

L St. near K St. Market N.W.

ICE made from PURE SPRING water. Delivered at your door by our wagons. Sells largest 5 cent piece of ice of any firm in the city. Also WOOD and Coal.

PurityIceCompany-cor5th andL

A HIGH DEGREE

of satisfaction is a rare thing in most $2.50 shoes. Shoes at this price usually lack style or comfort or both.
The style of more expensive shoes and good solid value are found in our

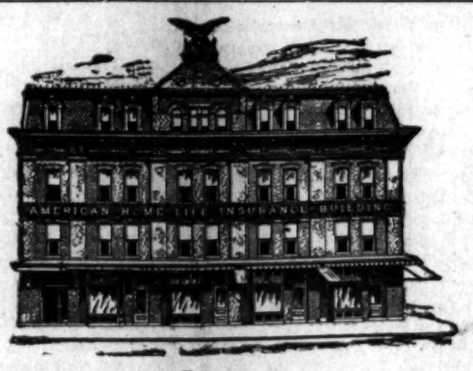
Signet $2.50 Shoe

because of the exceptional attention bestowed on the making. The only cheapness in it anywhere is the price.
A Goodyear-welted shoe, made on several of the season's handsomest lasts, in the most popular leathers.
Looks first rate and wears that way every time.
It's worth your while to come in and look the Signet over, even if you're not ready to buy
Always welcome.

Wm. Moreland,

491 Penna Ave

HOLTMAN'S OLD STAND. SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT



SICK AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE UP TO $25.00 PER WEEK
WHOLE LIFE INSURANCE ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS

PAYABLE ONE HOUR AFTER DEATH.

AMERICAN HOME LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
FIFTH and G Streets N. W. Washington, D. C.

PARKER, BRIDGET & CO.

Among friends and acquaintances the question is often asked, "Who made your suit?" that is, of course, when the suit is meritorious enough to call for comment.

One of the best advertisements we have is when our patrons answer the question and tell the cost of the suit.

Men's Top Coats, $12 to $35.
Men's Spring Suits, $12 to $30.
Youths' Clothing, $10 to $25.
Boys' Cloth Suits, $3.95 to $10.
Boys' Wash Suits, $1.50 to $6.
(The Better Kind of Clothing.)

Parker, Bridget & Co.

NINTH AND PENNTYLVANIA AVENUE, NORTHWEST.
HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS

Go to

HOLME'S Hotel

333 Va. Ave., S. W. For The Best Afro-American Accommodation in the District.

--European And American--

Bar Stocked with fine Wines, Imported Brand and pure old Rye Whiskey

Best Line Cigars 5 & 10c — Good Room and Lodging 50, 75 & $1.00 — Comfortably heated by steam.

Give us a Call—
JAMES OTTOWAY HOLMES Prop
Washington, D. C.

Hotel Clyde,

475 MISSOURI AVE., N.W.
First Class accomodations
—FOR—
Ladies and Gentlemen Hot and Cold Baths
MRS. ALICE E. HALL,

FRATERNAL.

I. O. N. I. C. of A., fraternal, meets at Lecompte, La., the second and third Tuesday nights in each month. R. E. Pickens, W. P. P. J. E. Dailey, W. C. S.

I. O. I. N. I C. of A. F., No. 127, meets at its office, 608 Bolton street, east, the first and third Monday nights in each month. Rev. S. T Shephard, worthy president. T. P Haywood, W. C. S. Ocie Weathers, W. P. P.

Golden Star Department of the I O. N. I. C. of A. F., No. 248, meets at St. James, La., the first and third Saturdays in each month. J. W Walker, W. P. P. Alex. Anoisan W. C. S.

Eastern Star Department, No. 243 of the I. O. N. I. C. of A. F., meets at Darrow, La., the second and fourth Saturdays in each month. Leon Baptise, W. P. P. M. Baptise, W. C. S Dempsey Wilson, W. R. S.

Walton's Palace Department, No 137, of the I. O. N. I. C., of A. F. meets at Baton Rouge, La., the second and fourth Wednesdays in each month. Jacob Brown, W. P. P. H C. Brown, W. C. S.

Lippman Department of the I. O N. I. C. of A. F., No. 152, meets at Kings Ferry, Fla., the fourth Friday in each month. Jack Lippman, W. P P. Loula Underwood, W. C. S.

Western Star Department, No. 231. meets at Ennis, Tex., first and third Saturdays in each month. Spencer Gary, W. P. P. C. C. Carlies, W. R S. A. Cattle, W. C. S.

Eagle's Wing Department, No. 27. meets at Ashville, Fla., the second and fourth Sundays in each month G. B. Brown, W. P. L. D. Dixon, W. C. S.

Elizabeth Department, I. O. N. of A. F., No. 53, meets at Chauncey, Ga., on the first Saturday in each month. Rev. E. Adams, W. P. P.; Peter Stanley, W. C. S.

Department No. 136 meets at Baton Rouge, La., first and third Wednesday nights in each month. Jos. Newton, W. P. P. M. B. Stewart, W. C S.

Fraternal Sunrise Department, No. 17, meets at Fort Worth, Tex., the first and third Wednesdays in each month. R. R. Sloan, W. P. P.; Henry Henderson, W. P. P.; M. Mathew, W. F. V. P.; I. B. Balenger, W. C. S.

Sunrise Department, No. 31, meets at Dallas, Tex., second and fourth Thursday nights in each month. A. R. Brown, W. P. P. S. A. N. Hamilton, W. P. Rebecca Carpenter, W. R. S. Savannah Slaughter, W. C. S.

Department No. 13 meets at Lake City, Fla., first and second Monday nights in each month. Joe Dorsey W. P. P. W. M. Pasco, W. F. V P. Giles Duncan, W. C. C. B Bartley, W. C. S.

NOTICE.

To all Departments of the I. O. N. I. C. of A. Fraternal, the semi-annual pass word is ready for all Departments. Send for it at once. See Ritual, page 13.

I. L. Walton

Evergreen Department, No. 240, meet at Red Fish, La., the 1st and 3rd Friday in each month. A. T. Finley, W. P. P.; Chas. Dupar, F. V. P.; A. T. Finley, W. C. S.

Harmony Department, No. 71, meet at Dafuskie Island, S. C., the first and third Wednesday in each month. T. Frazier, W. P. P.; W. J. Ficklin, W. P.; Amanda Dodge, W. C.

EX-SLAVE MEETS MASTER.

Southern Negro Encounters Man Who Owned Him More Than Forty Years Ago.

Springfield, Neb.—Harry Edmundson, a well-to-do negro living two miles from here, and Mason Peters, a rich stockman, of Kansas City, met a few days ago for the first time in over 41 years since 1864. Then Harry, at the age of four years, had recently been presented to Mason Peters, the eldest son of Ashby Peters, of Clay county, Mo., on whose homestead the boy was born in slavery.

Together with his mother and five brothers and sisters, Harry had been sold at auction, but Mrs. Peters had taken a fancy to the little fellow, and at her intercession he was not delivered to his new masters, but was allowed to remain on the old homestead and was given as a present to the elder son of the family.

Soon after his mother, calling her six children to her, set out to seek her own and their freedom, having lost faith in Uncle Sam. They made their way to what is now Kansas City, Kan., where they found friends and Harry "just growed." Now he is the happy possessor of a wife and family and a fine 80-acre farm.

Through a newspaper clipping Edmundson recently located his old master and in response to a letter received an invitation to pay him a visit. The invitation was accepted and the one time slave had a pleasant time with his former owner. He has just returned to his Nebraska home.

MAKE FIGHT ON LAZY WORM

Porto Ricans Are Enthusiastic Over Medical Success—Experiment a Good One.

Washington.—That the people of Porto Rico have become thoroughly awakened and enthusiastic in their desire and endeavor to rid themselves of the scourge of anaemia, popularly designated the "lazy worm" affliction, is indicated in a report just received by the surgeon general of the army from Capt. B. K. Ashford, who is expending $15,000 this year in a campaign against that malady.

During the months of June, July and August nearly 10,000 patients had been treated, with cures in nearly every instance. In August at the medical station in Albonito exactly one-third of the population was treated. This number was 2,482, of whom only six died, 716 were discharged as fully cured, while the majority of the remainder are on the road to recovery.

The effect of the disease is to render the victim absolutely unfit for work. The disease gradually wastes away the tissues, during which time the afflicted becomes a public charge on the community. The natives believe this wasting away was from lack of food and ridiculed the idea that a cure could be effected through the use of medicine. Besides administering a cure, the medical corps under Dr. Ashford has been conducting a campaign of education in regard to sanitation. This is later to be followed with a law on the subject from which great good is expected.

CALLS HIS WIFE A WITCH.

Russian, Believing Neighbor's Stories, Refuses to Live with Helpmeet —Woman Pleads Innocence.

Freeland, Pa.—Andrew Fetchik, a Russian living at Drifton, brought his wife to the office of Dr. J. B. Houston here and asked the physician to examine her, claiming she is bewitched. He said his neighbors for months had been tormenting him about her, but until lately he did not believe them. Now he joined with them in believing that she was "possessed," and unless the doctor could do something he would no longer live with her.

Dr. Houston declined to make the requested examination.

Fetchik could not be persuaded to believe that his neighbors were wrong, as well as himself, and declared that he no longer recognized the woman as his wife, and would not live with her.

The neighbors have accused her of an evil power, and threatened to kill her. The poor woman says her neighbors have influenced the husband against her, and denies being the author of the alleged ills of which she is accused.

RARE CONTINENTAL BILLS.

Washington Newspaper Writer Owns Collection Dating Back to 1785—Received from New England.

Washington.—Col. Ezra Nat. Hill, a newspaper writer of this city, has come into possession of some rare and valuable pieces of continental money which he has been exhibiting to his acquaintances. One of the notes was issued by the city of Albany, N. Y., March 26, 1791, and the legend "Three Pence" is printed across its face in old style type.

Another note of similar value was issued by the city of Philadelphia in 1797, while a quaint bill on age-yellowed paper was issued by "the state of Massachusetts Bay" in 1785, and calls for "one Spanish milled dollar." Another note, issued by the same state, calls for "two Spanish milled dollars," and still another demands seven of the dollars of the dons.

Col. Hill says this queer and interesting continental money was sent to him by a friend in New England.

Fine Table Fish.

Swordfish as an article of diet is said to far excel salmon.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.

Leave Station, New Jersey ave & C st.
ROYAL BLUE LINE.

Trains "Every other hour on the odd hour."

To Philadelphia and New York.

*7 00 a.m. Diner, Pullman Parlor.
†9 00 a.m. Buffet, Parlor 5 Hr. Train
§9.00 a.m. Diner and Pullman Parlor Car.
†11.00 a. m Diner and Pullman Parlor Car.
*1.00 p.m. Diner and Pullman Parlor Car.
*3.00 p m. "Royal Limited." All Pullman.
4.00 p.m. Coaches to Philadelphia.
*5.00 p.m. Diner and Pullman Parlor
*8.00 p.m. Coaches to Philadelphia.
*11.30 p.m. Sleepers.
*1.57 a.m. Sleepers.
Atlantic City, †7.00, †9.00 †11.00a.m †1.00, *3 00 p.m.

Every Hour on the Hour.

To Baltimore with Pullman Service.

Week days: 7.57, 5.00, 6.3c 7.00, 7.20, 8.0 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 11.00 a m., 12.00 noon 12.05, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.45, 5.00, 5.05, 5.3c 6.00, 6.30, 7.00 8.0c, 10.0c, 11.3c, (1.35 p. m. Sundays, 2.57, 7.00, 7.2c, 8.30 9.00, 10.00 11.00a.m. 1 00, 1.15, 3.00, 3.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.30, 8.00, 10 or 11.30, 11.35 p. m.

WESTWARD.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWEST, *11.00 a m 5.30, p m.

CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS AND LOUISVILLE *10.05 a.m. *4 05 p.m., *12:45 night.

PITTSBURG AND *11.00 a. m. *9.15 p. m., and 12.40 night.

CLEVELAND 9.15 P.M.

COLUMBUS, *5.30 p. m.

WHEELING *10.05 a.m. *5.30 p.m.

WINCHESTER, †8.35am †4.05 †5.00 p.m m.

ANNAPOLIS, week days 8 00, a. m., 12 .05 noon, 4 00, 6.00 p.m. Sundays 8.30 a.m, 5.30 and 10.00 p.m.

URAY and ELKTON *40.5 p.m Throghparlor Car.

FREDERICK, †8.35, §9.15, §10 00, †11.00 a. m §1.15 †4.05 †5.35 p.m.

HAGER TOWN, †10.05 a. m. and †5.00 p m

BOYD and way points, †8.35, §9.15 a m §1.15 †5.00, †5.35, §10.1 †11.30, p. m.

GAITHERSBURG and way points, †8.35, §9.15 a. m., †12.50, §1.15, †3.30, †5.35 †6.50, §7.35 §10.15, †11.30 p. m.

WASHINGTON JUNCTION and way points †8.35, §9.15, a. m., §1.15, †5.00., †5.30, p. m

*Daily †Except Sunday §Sunday only.

Baggage called for and checked from hotels and residences by Union Transfer Company on orders left at ticket offices, 619 Pennsylvania av northwest. New York avenue and Fifteenth street, and at station.

S. B. Hege, Dist Pass. Agt

ELIXIR BABEK,

The Standard Remedy for

Chills, Fevers, Malaria,

Biliousness and General Debility.

THE best household medicine and tonic in the world, as hundreds can attest. Don't wait until malaria or TYPHOID FEVER fastens its deadly hold on you, but fortify your system against its attacks by taking regular doses of ELIXIR BABEK.

A druggists 50c, or sent by mail.

Prepared by KLOCZEWSKI & CO., Washington, D. C. SEND for testimonials.

SERVICE THAT SATISFIES.

J. T. NEWMAN,

Hot and Cold Baths. Hair Cutting and Shaving. Massage.

310 4½ Street Southwest.

Whelan's Market,

DEALER IN

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

BEEF, LAMB, VEAL, MUTTON AND PORK.

Smoked, Salt and Corned Meats a Specialty.

Marketing Delivered Promptly.

'Phone, Main 3246

N. W. Cor. 3rd & C Sts., S.W.

GIVES FORTUNE; WEDS AT 80

Octogenarian Provides Homes for Children, Then Proposes to Widow Who Accepts.

Allentown.—Squire George Applegate, said to be the wealthiest man in Bethlehemh, 80 years old, came to the Allentown courthouse and obtained a license to marry Mrs. Augusta Wahl, 60 years old, of the same place.

When he received the license he remarked that he had not Mrs. Wahl's full consent to the wedding, but he guessed when he showed her the license she would realize he had not proposed in fun, but meant business.

Squire Applegate, when he pocketed his license, remarked further that he had already given each of his five children $30,000. In view of this he thought they ought not to object to his proposed marriage.

He drew from his pocket a huge package of deeds. On his wedding day, he said, he would give each of his children a deed for another house, and added: "And I'll have plenty for myself and wife."

When looking for good shoes, don't leave out Richardson's fine shoe store at 1229 Penna. ave., N. W. He is carrying one of the finest line of men's shoes that ever was put upon a counter in this city. Mr. Richards is a Washington boy, and if your shoes are not what he says they are, take them back. You don't have to wait to hear from the firm out of the city. The firm is this city, at 1229 Pennsylvania avenue, N. W.

BUY THE NEW HOME

SEWING MACHINE

Before You Purchase Any Other Write

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY

ORANGE, MASS.

Many Sewing Machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the "New Home" is made to wear. Our guaranty never runs out.

We make Sewing Machines to suit all conditions of the trade. The "New Home" stands at the head of all High-grade family sewing machines

Sold by authorized dealers only.

FOR SALE BY

A FREE PATTERN

(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50¢ A YEAR

A LADIES' MAGAZINE.

A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢

All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing.

Only 10 and 15 cents each. A higher Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from

THE McCALL CO.,

113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

NEW YORK CLIPPER

IS THE GREATEST

THEATRICAL & SHOW PAPER IN THE WORLD.

$4.00 Per Year. Single Copy, 10 Cts.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

SAMPLE COPY FREE.

FRANK QUEEN PUB. CO. (Ltd)

ALBERT J. BORIE, MANAGER. PUBLISHERS, 47 W. 28TH ST., NEW YORK

WILLS HIS BRAIN AND ARM

Gen. I. J. Wistar of Philadelphia Also Leaves Estate of $2,000,000 to Institution.

Philadelphia.—Gen. Isaac J. Wistar bequeathed his brain and right arm to the Wistar Institute of Anatomy and Biology of the University of Pennsylvania, in his will, which was filed recently, and incidentally left a fortune of nearly $2,000,000 to that institution which he founded. The general's arm was shattered by a gunshot wound during the civil war, and was saved by an interesting operation, which he wished the students of the institute which he founded to examine.

Gen. Wistar also bequeathed to the institute weapons he used in the civil war, along with trophies, pictures and various pieces of furniture. After bequeathing an aggregate sum of $50,000 to his brother and four sisters, $3,000 to a niece and $4,000 to his housekeeper, Gen. Wistar leaves the residue of his estate to the Wistar institute.

Added Blessings.

Blessed are the peacemakers. And they have a chance at that $40,000 Nobel prize, too.

Stafford's Drug Store,

TWENTIETH AND K STREETS, N. W.

HAVE YOU TRIED STAFFORD'S CORN SALVE? IT REMOVES THE CORN WITHOUT PAIN; TRY IT—10c.

A FULL LINE OF CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

I can save you 50 per cent discount on all prescriptions.—You don't have to take them where the Doctor tells you.—You have paid him the prescription is yours. Have it filled where you get Fresh goods compounded by licensed men only and where you are not robbed.

THE BEE is for sale at this place.

JOS. BUSH,

1731 Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest.

WINES & LIQUORS, MONASTERY BEER BY THE CASE AND FANCY CANNED GOODS.

PRICES FOR A FEW STANDARD BRANDS:

Dewar's Scotch	$1.15	Gordon Gin	$0.95
Plymouth Gin	.95	Black and White Scotch	1.25
Grey Friar rye, Full qt.	1.00	Hunter rye, per bottle	1 00
Wilson whiskey	1.00	Cascade	1.00
Trimble	.00	Old Overholt	.90
Paul Jones	.95	Booth Tom Gin	1.15
Canadine Club	1.25	French Vermont	.70
Thompson	1.00	Maryland Rye	1 00
Port & Sherry Wine	.25	Apple Brandy	35

All beers on ice ready for use

Richard's Shoe Store

1229 Pa Avenue

We beg to announce to the men of Washington that we have opened a strictly high grade shoe store at the above address.

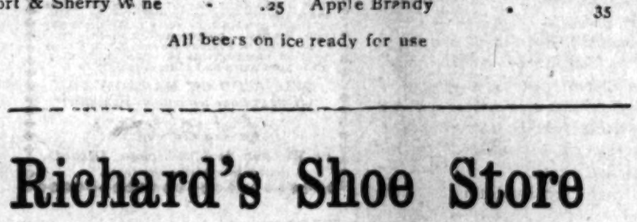
All of our shoes are made by the Williams & Kneeland Shoe Company, of Boston, Mass., Makers of the finest shoes for men.

We desire to call your special attention to our line at $3 50. All the newest shapes, including the popular Stag-last Oxfords in all leathers—Patent Colt, Russet Calf, Tans, Blacks, &c.

BETTER GRADES AT $4.00 & $5.00. YOUR INSPECTION INVITED

SHOES SHINED FREE.

STEAMER JANE MOSELY



Is now open for Charters for Summerset Beach and other River Landings. All points on Chesapeake Bay, Norfolk and Richmond, Va. For full information apply or write to

Lewis Jefferson, 190 First Street, Southwest

Telephone: Main 1779.

RIDER AGENTS WANTED

No Money Required

until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone on Ten Days Free Trial

Finest guaranteed 1905 Models $10 to $24

with Coaster-Brakes and Punctureless Tires.

1903 & 1904 Models Best Makes..... $7 to $12

Any make or model you want at one-third usual price. Choice of any standard tires and best equipment on all our bicycles. Strongest guarantee.

We SHIP ON APPROVAL C. O. D. to any one without a cent deposit and allow 10 DAYS FREE TRIAL before purchase is binding.

500 Second Hand Wheels $3 to $8

taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores, all makes and models, good as new.....

DO NOT BUY a bicycle until you have written for our FACTORY PRICES AND FREE TRIAL OFFER. Tires, equipment, sundries and sporting goods of all kinds, at half regular price. In our big free Sundry Catalogue. Contains a world of useful information. Write for it.

PUNCTURE-PROOF TIRES $4.75 PER PAIR

Regular price $8.50 per pair.

To introduce we will Sell You a Sample Pair for Only $4.75

NAILS, TACKS OR GLASS WON'T LET OUT THE AIR

NO MORE TROUBLE from PUNCTURES

Result of 15 years experience in tire making. No danger from THORNS, CACTUS, PINS, NAILS, TACKS or GLASS. Serious punctures, like intentional knife cuts, can be vulcanized like any other tire.

EASY RIDING, STRONG, DURABLE, SELF HEALING

FULLY COVERED by PATENTS

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

Send for Catalogue "T," showing all kinds and makes of tires at $2.00 per pair and up—also Coaster-Brakes, Built-up Wheels and Bicycles—Sundries at Half the usual prices. Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D." This tire will outlast any other make—Soft, Elastic and Easy Riding. We will ship C. O. D. ON APPROVAL AND EXAMINATION without a cent deposit.

We will allow a cash discount of 5% (thereby making the price $4.50 per pair) if you send full cash with order. Tires to be returned at our expense if not satisfactory on examination.

MEAD CYCLE CO., Dept. "J.L." CHICAGO, ILL.

HONOR NELSON'S DAY

CENTENARY OF BRITISH NAVAL VICTORY OFF TRAFALGAR.

Famous Old Flagship Victory Is Brilliantly Illuminated for Occasion —Column in London a Tardy Memorial.

London.—In every part of the British empire, and wherever a British man-of-war floats, the one hundredth anniversary of Nelson's victory over the combined fleets of France and Spain off Cape Trafalgar was being celebrated a few days ago. On all the ships of the navy at a given hour flags were dipped, while the bands played the dead march. Nelson's old flagship, the Victory, still lying at Portsmouth harbor, was decked from stem to stern with bunting and thousands of electric lights were strung everywhere for the night illumination of the old battleship. It was proposed to illuminate the Nelson monument on Trafalgar square here, but, fearing a tremendous crush of people, with accompanying accidents, the authorities forbade it.

In London the day's celebration began with the hoisting of national flags on the Nelson column. Immense crowds assembled, and when Nelson's famous signal, "England expects every man to do his duty," was unfurled, a mighty cheer went up.

Trafalgar square, which was elaborately decorated, was naturally the center to which all converged, and much interest was manifested in the thousands of wreaths from the colonies, provinces and various cities of the empire, which were piled in immense masses at the base of the Nelson column.

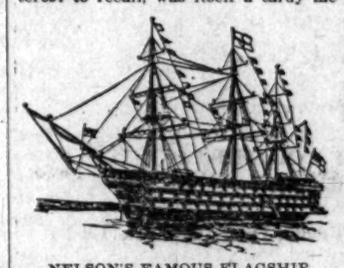
Among the floral tributes occupying the more prominent positions was a wreath inscribed:

"To the memory of the gallant dead of France and Spain who lost their lives in the great conflict."

The column itself was covered with laurels, streamers stretching from the top of the statue to the base.

Services, which were all largely attended, were held simultaneously in St. Paul's cathedral, where Nelson is buried, and in other churches.

The Nelson column, it is of some interest to recall, was itself a tardy memorial by the nation to the great admiral. Though a monument to Nelson was proposed in 1805, and in 1816 parliament acknowledged that a monument was "a duty which the nation ought perhaps have discharged many years ago," it was not till 1838—32 years after his death—that the matter was taken up in earnest. It was on the recommendation of the duke of Wellington that the monument took the form of a column.



NELSON'S FAMOUS FLAGSHIP.
(The Victory as She Appeared Decorated for the Anniversary.)

After Nelson's death his brother was made an earl, with a grant of $30,000 a year, and parliament voted $500,000 to purchase an estate for him. Each of his sisters received $50,000. But nothing was done for the being he loved most on earth—Lady Hamilton. Obviously it was her he had most in mind when in that pathetic entry made in his diary after taking his last farewell of Merton, he commended to the care of his country, in the event of his death, those who were most dear to him. Lady Hamilton died in penury in Calais, whither she had fled to escape her creditors in England. After the fight at Teneriffe, which cost Nelson his right arm, he returned to England to recover from his wound and occupied lodgings in New Bond street. The house has since been pulled down. That she might be near him during this period, Lady Hamilton rented a house in the same street—No. 150. The house has undergone little change since the famous beauty resided there, save that the ground floor has been transformed into a fishmonger's shop. The coat-of-arms over the door indicates that the proprietor enjoys patronage of royalty.

President Roosevelt can thank the British and Foreign Sailors' society for a bust of Lord Nelson, recently given him. It is made from the copper that once sheathed the bottom of the famous flagship, the Victory. It was specially designed for him in grateful recognition of his commendation of the society's work and approval of its plan for commemorating the centenary of the hero's death.

Menelik Selects Successor.

Emperor Menelik has at length nominated his successor to the throne of Abyssinia. He is a young man named Migg-Manu, Menelik's brother, and is shortly to be named Negus of Kiffa, of which country Menelik took possession in 1894. During Migg-Manu's boyhood and youth Menelik took extraordinary precautions to safeguard him against the malpractices of other aspirants.

London Easily Pleased.

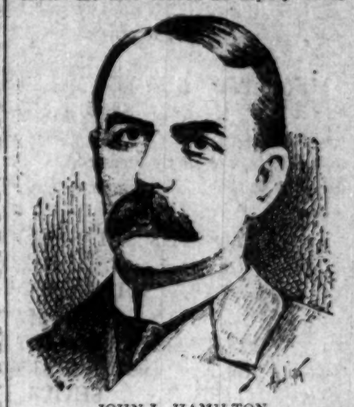
The manager of a theatrical company stated in a London court the other day, in the case of a singer who had sued him, that the singer's voice had disappointed him at Ilfracombe but he had given him another trial in London, because "London audiences are the easiest pleased in the world."

ILLINOIS MAN NAMED.

John L. Hamilton, of Hoopeston, Is Elected President of American Bankers' Association.

Hoopeston, Ill.—John L. Hamilton recently elected president of the American Bankers' association, in convention at Washington, was born in Macoupin county, Ill., May 8 1862. At an early age he came to Iroquois county with his parents where he grew to young manhood His father, John L. Hamilton, at the time of his death in 1900, was a member of the state legislature, serving his fourth term.

John L. Hamilton received his education in the schools at Watseka, and while still quite young served as deputy county treasurer under his father. He also served as deputy county clerk. His first experience in the banking business was in organizing the Citizens' bank at Watseka.



JOHN L. HAMILTON.
(Newly-Elected President of the American Bankers' Association.)

Shortly afterward he disposed of his interests in this bank and accepted the position of cashier in the banking house of Burwell, Hamilton & Morgan in this city. Now the firm is Hamilton & Cunningham, private bankers. Mr. Hamilton is also a stockholder and vice president of the Commercial Trust and Savings bank Danville, Ill.

In 1901 Mr. Hamilton was chosen by the American Bankers' association to go to England to study financial conditions. His report was a thorough one and he was highly complimented by the association. Mr. Hamilton has served four years as chairman of the executive council of the state bankers' association, and is a life member of that committee. He has served as an alderman and as mayor of Hoopeston—the latter office paying a salary of 50 cents a year.

NEW MINISTER TO HAYTI.

Dr. Henry W. Furniss, Prominent Indiana Negro, Formerly Consul at Bahia, Brazil, Promoted.

Indianapolis, Ind.—Dr. Henry W Furniss, formerly a colored physician of this city, has been promoted from the position of consul at Bahia, Brazil to that of minister to Hayti.

The salary of Dr. Furniss, as consul at Bahia, is $2,500, with small fees that amount to about $100 a year. His salary as minister to Hayti will be $7,000. The appointment gives to this state the first place it has had in the diplomatic service since Addison C Harris retired as minister to Austria Hungary. The minister to Hayti has always been a colored man, and when the president and Secretary Root decided to make a change at Hayti they naturally looked about for the most effective colored man in the service He will be provided with a residence at Port-au-Prince, and he will succeed William F. Powell, of New Jersey, who also is a colored man. His appointment will become effective November 15.

DR. HENRY W. FURNISS.
(Former Consul at Bahia, Brazil, Now Minister to Hayti.)

Dr. Furniss was born in Brooklyn N. Y., in 1869. His father was one of the early professors of mathematics in colleges attended by colored people and his mother was educated in Dartmouth college. Young Furniss passed through the public and high schools of this city and then took a medical and pharmaceutical course in Howard university, Washington. He served for six years in the census bureau, and then returned to this city and associated himself with Dr. S. A. Furniss in the practice of medicine. He was thus engaged when he received his commission as consul to Bahia, in 1898.

A Curious Gift.

President Zelaya of Nicaragua will soon receive a curious gift which has been manufactured for him by a Pittsburg glass firm. It is a bottle three feet high and holding seven quarts, each in a separate compartment. The bottle, which has just been shipped, contains a quart each of bourbon, rye and Scotch whiskies, one of claret and three of different cordials.

THE SouthWashingtonTrade Palace

Ladies' Tailor Made Suits, the newest effects in all colors, worth $15.
$9.95.

$5.95 for $8.50 Coats, 42 inches long, in heavy and medium weights, both tight and loose fitting Backs, and all shades.
$5.95.

$1.98 for Ladies' $4.00 Walking Skirts, colors Blue, Black, Brown and Green.
$1.98.

$4.98 for Misses' Coats, in all wool Kersey Cloths and all shades during this sale at
$4.98.

98c. for Ladies' $1.25 Flannelette Wrappers.
98c.

BLANKETS AND COMFORTS.

98c. for Large, Heavy Bed Comforts, worth $1.50.
98c.

BLANKETS.

10/4 Size Blankets, worth $2.00, at
$1.25.

MEN'S "BEST STYLE" SUITS AND OVERCOATS.
$3.95 to $22.00.

Are shown in new and exclusive effects of the season's accepted shades., cut both double and single breasted.

BOYS' SUITS—Norfolk coat and either regular trousers or Knickerbockers.

YOUTHS' SUITS OR OVERCOATS.
$3.95 to $12.00.

BOYS' SUITS OR OVERCOATS.
$1.25 to $5.98.

MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS' HATS.

Soft and Stiff Hats from 50c. to $3.00.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

Choice of 400 pairs Women's finest Dongola Vici Kid and Box Calf Shoes, in Lace and Button, bright and dull calf tops, all sizes and widths. New, stylish Shoes. Every pair worth $2.50,
$1.29.

Men's strong Working Shoes, worth $2.00, at
$1.25.

Boys' and Youths' Shoes, worth $1.50, at
98c.

UNDERWEAR.

Men's $1.50 wool Underwear in Red, Grey and White, at
98c.

Men's $1.50 wool Sweaters, in all colors, at
98c.

Men's $1.50 all wool Blue Shirts, at
98c.

Men's heavy fleece-lined Underwear, worth 75c., at
49c.

Boys' and Youths' 50c. fleece-lined Underwear, at
25c.

SPECIAL—MEN'S PERCALE TOP SHIRTS.

100 dozen regular 50c. Shirts, during this sale at
25c.

Remember, we have also a full line of Trunks, Dress Suit Cases, Telescopes and Valises.

OPPENHEIMER & NEY,
323, 324, 325 and 327 4½ Street, S. W.
(Herman's Old Stand.)

Phone, Main 832.

Phone: Main-4002.

THE McKINLEY HOUSE

489 & 491 Missouri Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C.
Strictly First Class and Up-To-Date
Elegant Rooms Furnished from 50c to $1.50 Per Day.
Clean beds and neat rooms a specialty
Meals at all hours.
HOT AND COLD BATHS
Half Block from Pennsylvania Depot
ELLIS AND HUFF, Proprietors.

EXCELSIOR

5 & 10 Cent Store

S. W. OUTWATER, Buyer and Man.

5197th STREET NORTHWEST.

W. H. MICHAEL. Proprietor.

NOT IN THE TRUST.
PURITY ICE CO.
L St. near K St. Market, N. W.

ICE made from PURE SPRING water. Delivered at your door by our wagons. Sells largest 5 cent piece of ice of any firm in the city. Also WOOD and COAL.

COAL AND WOOD.

Coal $7.00 per ton, delivered. No dust, perfectly clean.

PURITY ICE COMPANY,
5th and L streets, N. W.
OTHERS SELL FOR $7.25.

Lancaster, Pa., Oct. 2—James Raybuck is the owner of a valuable turkey hen, especially in these times, when the great American bird is such a scarce article. During the spring and summer this hen laid 108 eggs, which is said to establish a record for turkey hens.

The owner and trainer of race horse Gypzene of the Latonia race track, Cincinnati, deliberately destroyed one eye of the racer to prevent him from bolting.

Bishop J. W. Hood, 33°, of Fayetteville, N. C., was stricken with paralysis and is in a serious condition.

THROUGH STREET CAR SERVICE BETWEEN THE NEW TERMINAL OF THE BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R. AT 23D STREET, NEW YORK, AND GRAND CENTRAL STATION.

On October 23rd the Metropolitan Street Railway Co. of New York inaugurated a new line of through street cars between West 23rd Street Station and Grand Central Station of the New York Central and New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroads, on a four minute headway between 7.30 A. M. and 7.00 P. M., making the distance between the two Stations in about twenty minutes. without transfer, on a five-cent fare.

In addiiton to this excellent arrangement is the splendid electric cab service at reasonable rates.

All trains of the Baltimore & Ohio R. R. have direct connection to and from the New Terminal at West 23rd Street, New York.

THE RICHMOND, VA., BUSINESS LEAGUE.

At a meeting of the Business League of Richmond, Va., Mr. J. A. Lankford on Thursday evening before a large audience said in part as follows:

"Gentlemen, I am not here to tell you of the failures of the business men of Washington. I am not here to represent that class of business men who managed and directed the Freedman's Saving Bank. I am not here to tell you of the Industrial Building and Loan Association and the defunct Capital Savings Bank, but, my friends, I am here to tell you about the business men and women of Washington who are really doing something, those who are bringing something to pass, those who are broad enough in mind, liberal enough in pocket, charitable enough in mind and heart, and have race pride enough in their being to pave the way, in an honest, upright manner, making money for themselves, making places for their boys and girls and an honorable financial history for their race. I am here to tell you of the men and women who have and are injecting new blood, new inspiration, new qualification in race enterprises and have determined by the help of God and man to build up a business and financial status upon the ruins and shattered confidence, and take advantage of the experiences and mistakes of the past. I am not a materialist, for I believe that the negro race needs all the refinement, culture, educational and political freedom that any race or people enjoy. But I further sincerely believe that no nation, no race, no people can ever reach and enjoy the standard heights of civilization without God in their heart and money in their banks. This has been the history of all great nations and people."

It is claimed that it was one of the most representative gatherings that ever assembled in the city. Addresses were made by Prof. Gregory Hayes, John H. Howard, A. F. Brooks and others.

ATTORNEY J. F. BUNDY.

Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, holding a Probate Court.

Estate of Allen B. Hamm, Deceased. No. 13,209 Administration.

Application having been made to the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, holding a Probate Court, for probate of the last will and testament of said deceased, and for letters Testamentary on said estate, by James F. Bundy, it is ordered this Twenty-fourth day of October, A. D. 1905, that notice be and hereby is given to Mary Hamm and to all others concerned, to appear in said court on Monday, the 20th day of November, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause why such application should not be granted; Provided this notice be published in the "Washington Law Reporter" and "The Bee" once in each of three successive weeks before the return day herein mentioned—the first publication to be not less than thirty days before said return day.

Ashley M. Gould, Justice.

Attest: James Tanner, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.

James F. Bundy, Attorney.

THOMAS WALKER, ATTORNEY.
SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Holding a Probate Court.

No. 12,782, Administration.

This is to give notice:

That the subscriber, of the State of New York, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, Letters Testamentary on the estate of John Johnson, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscribe, on or before the 27th day of October, A. D. 1906, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 27th day of October, 1905.

Walter G. Bradley,
NewYork Mills, N. Y.

Attest: James Tanner, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.

Thos. Walker, Attorney.

WHERE THE BEE IS ON SALE

T. L. Leisinger, 407 14th street, N. W.
Alvey & Alvey, 14th street and Pierce Place, N. W.
Book store, 14th and P streets, N. W.
Stafford's Drug Store, 20th and I streets, N. W.
Stevenson, 301 4½ street, S. W.

IN THE SOUTH.

Savannah, Ga., Rev. I. L. Walton, representative, 507 Montgomery street.

CHICAGO.

The Afro-American News Office, 3104 State street, Chicago, Ill.

Agents wanted in every state in the Union. Write to THE BEE Printing Co

Richard L. Baltimore,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
OFFICE: 310 4½ Street, S. W.
Washington, D. C

To let, furnished rooms 1812 11th street, Northwest.

AND IMPERIAL SEC."
Best of All American
Champagnes
Pleases every palate—never sour on the stomach.
$13 [illegible] 23 [illegible] 750. ct.
—ON SALE AT—
Christian Xander's
[illegible] Phone M.274

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY

Curly Hair Made Straight By

TAKEN FROM LIFE
BEFORE AND AFTER TREATMENT.

FORD'S ORIGINAL OZONIZED OX MARROW
(Copyrighted)

This wonderful hair pomade is the only safe preparation in the world that makes kinky or curly hair straight as shown above. It nourishes the scalp, prevents the hair from falling out or breaking off, cures dandruff and makes the hair grow long and silky. Sold over 25 years, and used by thousands. Warranted harmless. It was the first preparation ever sold for straightening kinky hair. Beware of imitations. Remember that Ford's Original Ozonized Ox Marrow is put up only in fifty cent size, made only in Chicago and by us. The genuine has the signature CHARLES FORD, PROP'R, on each package. Do not be misled by substitutes that claim to be just as good—but always insist upon getting FORD'S as it never fails to keep the hair straight, soft and beautiful, giving it that healthy, life-like appearance so much desired. A toilet necessity for ladies, gentlemen and children. Elegantly perfumed. Owing to its superior and lasting qualities it is the best and most economical. It is not possible for anybody to produce a preparation equal to it. Full directions with every bottle. Only 50 cents. Sold by druggists and dealers, or send us 50 cents for one bottle, postpaid, or $1.40 for three bottles, express paid. We pay all postage and express charges. Send postal or express money order. Please mention name of this paper when ordering. Write your name and address plainly to

OZONIZED OX MARROW CO.,
(None genuine without my signature)
Charles Ford Prop
76 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Illinois.
Agents wanted everywhere.

Baltimore & Ohio
RAILROAD.

A NEW TERMINAL AT FOOT OF
23rd Steeet
New York City
HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED
Affording a most convenient entrance near the centre of the shopping and hotel district.

The Down town terminal at foot of LIBERTY STREET will be continued as heretofore.

Ferry Service to and from South Ferry-Whitehall Terminal has been discontinued

B.N. AUSTIN, Gen'l Pass. Agt. Chicago, Ill.
C.W. BASSETT, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Baltimore, Md.
D.B. MARTIN, Man. Pass. Traffic, Baltimore, Md.

PETER GROGAN. *Credit for All Washington.*

Everything for Housekeeping on Easy Paymets.

We invite your attention to our new and magnificent stock of Parlor, Bed Room and Dining Room Furniture, also Carpets, Rugs, Draperies, Crockery, Bedding and everything else necessary to complete housekeeping. We make, lay and line all Carpets free of cost, which is a clear saving to our patrons of from 15c. to 20c. per yard. No charge for the two or three yards that are unavoidably wasted in matching figures. All prices marked in plain figures. Easy weekly or monthly payments, arranged to suit the buyer's convenience.

CREDIT

10 per cent discount allowed for cash with order or if account is closed in 30 days, 7½ per cent discount if closed in 60 days and 5 per cent if closed in 90 days.

PETER GROGAN
817-819-821-823 Seventh Street, N. W.
Between H and I Sts.

Look for the Big Clock

WE WANT every man, woman, and child in Washington to become acquainted with our new store, and especially with our new Optical Department. Every scientific contrivance for the proper testing of the eyes will be found here—including a properly appointed dark room, the ophthalmascope for detecting astigmatism and the retinascope.

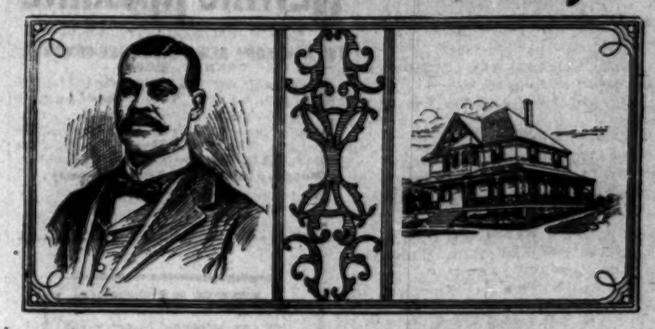
EYES EXAMINED FREE

As a leader, we shall offer a pair of SOLID GOLD SPRING RIMLESS EYEGLASSES, with a good case and guard for only $1

"You Need Selinger's Eye Service."

SELINGER'S
NINTH & F.

J. A. Lankford,



Architect And Builder

Expert builder, examiner and estimator. Plans gotten out at short notice, from rough sketches, pencil drawings, or from written or verbal descriptions, and mailed to any section of the country. In the past thirty-two (32) months we have designed, overhauled, repaired and built over Five Hundred Thousand Dollars ($500,000.00) worth of work in Washington, D. C., and vicinity the class of work being of every description and character.

We make a specialty of church and hall designs, and arranging loans; we also specialize the building up of vacant lots in the District of Columbia. Any one anticipating having plans gotten out, buildings overhauled or repaired, we would be glad to have you call or write us. No charges for advice given in any of the above named lines.

Office 3 Northwest.
Residence 1210 V St. Northwest.

Columbia Benefit Association

The Columbia Benefit Association is an Insurance Company for the masses. One which pays promptly; one whose terms are liberal; one whose officers are men of ability, honesty and integrity; one whose capital stock is paid up in full, and is incorporated and licensed under the new law of the District of Columbia;

We want AGENTS of ability for all sections of the city; we pay liberal salaries and commission to agents.

OFFICERS.

Wm. J. Howard, president; Henry H. Waring, vice-president; Edmund Hill, Jr., secretary and manager; Jno. A. Lankford, treasurer; Dr. Jos. D. Blair, physician; Geo. F. Collins, attorney. Main office, 494 Louisiana avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C.

A Special Announcement
NEED OF THE HOUR

The attention of the public is cordially invited to the
Browne-Foster Training School For Domestic Science

Office: 924 18th Street N. W. Phone Connection

Trained and Reliable Servants Furnished

Best Situations for the highest Wages.

J. H. Foster, Manager.

1880 G.U.O. OF O.F. 1905

Great Public Assembly
Grand Reception and Levee

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

DISTRICT GRAND LODGE No. 20, G. U. O. of O. F., at Convention Hall, 5th and K streets, N.W., Friday afternoon and evening, November 17, 1905, to celebrate the 25th anniversary of the institution of the District Lodge, now District Grand Lodge in the District of Columbia.

At 2 o'clock afternoon public exercises will be held in Convention Hall, some of the special features of which will be orations by the Grand Master and Grand Secretary of the order in America and addresses by Hon. H. B. F. McFarland, president of the Board of Commissioners of the D. C., and distinguished members of the fraternity, and a competitive individual sword drill by the Washing-ton and visiting Patriarchie.

The grand parade will take place at 12.15 from Odd Fellows' Hall, 1606 M street, N. W.

The afternoon exercises will be opened to the public but admission will be by cards which may be ob-tained from members of the order.

The grand reception and levee will begin at 8 P. M., and continue till 2 A. M. (Full dress optional.) Brilliant promenade at 9 P. M.

Refreshments served by E. Mur-ray, caterer.

Music by Invincible Orchestra (25 pieces), Prof. E. Ambler, leader.

Admission, 50 cents.